

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIII, NO. 18.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1922.

\$2.00 YEARLY

Get Your Gardening Supplies Here

We have a full stock of
Gates
Garden Tools
Garden Seeds
Lawn Fencing
Poultry Netting

See Our \$35 Special
on Complete Bed
This Week

Blairmore Hardware Co.
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

BIG PROPERTY DEAL IN BLAIRMORE

One of the biggest real estate deals for the past few years was put through last week end, when the property of A. Poggehall in East Blairmore changed hands, the new owners being present residents of Frank. The property comprises several large stores and stables and a modern seven room dwelling house and is considered very valuable. The purchase price has not been announced, but it is understood to be well over four thousand dollars.

Mr. and Mrs. Poggehall intend moving to the coast as soon as local matters are straightened out.

MAY ERECT LARGE AUTO SERVICE GARAGE

A consistent rumor is current to the effect that a large and modern auto service garage is shortly to be erected on a site just west of the present Alberta hotel property and that Emperor Piccarillo and other local financiers are behind the proposition. According to reports, the building it to have full concrete basement with approach from the main floor will be practically on a level with Victoria Street and fronting thereon.

MINE RESCUE AND FIRST AID EXAMINATIONS

Mine rescue and first aid examinations are in progress here this week, over thirty candidates from the various Pass towns sitting. The sittings are being held in the office of Mine Inspector Crowder.

Alex. Morgency and F. Crawford have opened up a light hardware and plumbing equipment store at Coleman.

DEATH OF WILLIAM MOON

The death occurred at Michel on Saturday morning last of William Moon, an old timer and well-known figure throughout the Pass district.

Mr. Moon had been a sufferer from diabetes for a number of years and for the past year or more has been trying out the diet treatment and was apparently progressing, when a relapse called him beyond.

A few years ago he started a general store at Cowley, purchased from D. R. McIvor and operated under the style of Fisher & Moon. Owing to failing health, he was obliged to re-sell the business and seek rest for a while.

Prior to this he practiced his trade as a barber at Michel.

Interment took place at Michel on Monday of this week and was largely attended.

E. L. JOHNSON DIES AT MEDICINE HAT

We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Ernest L. Johnson, which occurred at Medicine Hat at an early hour yesterday, following a long and tedious illness.

Mr. Johnson was at one time employed as a printer with The Enterprise—1912 to 1913—and enlisted for overseas service shortly after the outbreak of hostilities. After serving about two years at the front he became the victim of enemy gas, necessitating his return to hospital in England, where he received treatment until fit to stand the journey back to Canada, then making his home at Medicine Hat. He was about 32 years of age and leaves a wife and three children. Mrs. Johnson was formerly a Miss Annie Maude Gamache, of Fischer Creek, a sister of John Gamache and Mrs. A. Picard, of Blairmore.

Interment takes place at Medicine Hat tomorrow.

LOCAL ODDFELLOWS HOLD A ROLL CALL

Following the regular meeting of the local lodge of the I.O.O.F. on Tuesday night, the call of the membership took place, when some forty or more of a total membership of eighty responded personally or by letter.

Quite a number of visiting Oddfellows and Rebekahs were present and took part in the programme which followed refreshments served by the committee and through the kind efforts of the local Rebekahs.

The programme was handled in an able manner by W. H. Chappel, P. G., and included songs, speeches, recitations and musical selections. Principal among the vocal artists were Sisters Wood and Litherland, of Bellevue, and Sister Howe, of Blairmore.

Upwards of forty Rebekahs and Oddfellows from Bellevue and Hillcrest were in attendance, and were kept busy through the entertaining efforts of Bro. Ed. Royle. Bro. Royle is unsurpassable as an entertainer and, as one lady claimed, "Where he is, we are with him always." Bro. Royle also rendered good service at the piano and helped the younger old folks to prance the light fantastic.

The singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save The King" concluded the programme at one o'clock.

SMALL DEBTS COURT IN SESSION HERE

A special sitting of the Small Debts Court commenced here on Tuesday morning, and considering the number of cases on the docket, it will likely be in session for a full week. Judge McDonald, of Macleod, is presiding, and Solicitors Gillis, Putnam, Hicks, Matheson and MacKenzie are in attendance.

Single Bricks Build Mansions



A fortune is built up by the same method. One by one, your dollars are placed in the savings account until in time they, too, build a home.

One dollar will open a savings account for you with the Union Bank. One dollar saved is worth a hundred wasted.

Copy of our booklet "One Dollar Weekly" sent on request.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes J. B. Wilson, Manager
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes S. J. Lamey, Acting Manager
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.

OUR GREAT SHOE SALE CONTINUES

There are still a few bargains left in exceptionally fine qualities and models.

Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods

THE SWAN SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN

FITTED WITH THE SMOOTHEST GOLD NIBS.

THE LEVER 'L' OPERATES WITH A FLIP OF THE FINGER.

IT FILLS INSTANTLY.

CALL AND SEE OUR ASSORTMENT.

THE BLAIRMORE PHARMACY

: The Leading Store :

Goodwillies Preserved Fruits—
Raspberries, in glass jars 55c
Black Currants, per bottle 50c
Pears, per bottle 50c

Mrs. Haines' Marmalade—
Per bottle 35c
Per 4 lb tin 90c

Sterling Brand Pickles, just in—
Per bottle 65c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—
Tartan Jelly Powders, 4 oz. pkts.
3 for 25c

FAIRY SOAP—
Our offer still holds good, 13 cakes, \$1.

Fresh Spinach, Asparagus, Cauliflower
Celery, Tomatoes, Head and Leaf Lettuce,
Grape Fruit, Rhubarb, Strawberries, Etc., Etc.

APPLES—
We have purchased quite a few cases of unwrapped apples, good stock and can sell the same at \$2.75 per box.

POTATOES—
Every sack repicked, per 100 lbs \$1.50

FOR THE CHICKENS—
Charcoal, 3 lbs for 25c
Ground Bone, 4 lbs for 25c
Grit, 7 lbs for 25c
Dr. Rusk's Chick Food, 5 lbs for 25c

A complete line of Italian products in stock.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

You will find our stock of Footwear complete with the smartest goods for Men, Women and Children. We have the Vassar and Lady Belle Brand for Women. The Chum Brand for Children. The Fred Right for Boys in black and brown and the Regal and Slater in Men's Fine Shoes. Men's Heavy Dress Boots and Work Shoes from 3.75. New shipment of Men's Leckie Work Boots in high and low cuts.

CLOTHING

Before buying that spring suit for yourself or your boy, call and see our line of styles and values. Our now Spring models for men and young men are second to none and values are unsurpassed.

DON'T FORGET OUR DISCOUNT OF 5 PER CENT

THE F. M. THOMPSON CO.
Phone 25 Blairmore

GENTLEMEN!

Did it ever strike you that Blairmore has the finest equipped Tailor Shop in Western Canada, bar none? And when you are ready for that Suit come where you can get all the advantages that go with a fine organization.

J. E. UPTON.

Tailor to The People of The Crows' Nest Pass
Phone 85 Blairmore

ODDFELLOWS AND REBEKAHS TO ATTEND UNION CHURCH

Oddfellows and Rebekahs, under the auspices of the local lodges, will attend divine service at the Union church on Sunday evening next at 7.30. They will assemble at their

hall on Victoria Street at 6.30 and parade to the church, where special arrangements for seating will be made. The service will be conducted by Rev. Bro. Harry Peters, of Bellevue, and it is expected a large number of members of Bellevue and other lodges will be in attendance.

Make it your handy household assistant. Use it for making soap, in washing dishes, for cleaning sinks, refrigerators, garbage cans, etc., for cleaning clogged drain pipes, for removing grease and smoke stains, for scrubbing floors and tiling. You will find that the systematic use of Gillett's Lye will keep everything around the kitchen and bath room clean, sweet and wholesome. Cleans and disinfects. Is economical and sure in its effects. Has been the standard for over 50 years. It saves labor, time and trouble.

Made in Canada

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Daylight saving is not being considered in Calgary this year. It was tried out years ago but was not satisfactory.

Contracts have been let for a fleet of fast motor boats to be operated on the Detroit River in a concentrated drive against border liquor smugglers, Commissioner Haynes announces.

Seven families, totalling 28 immigrants from London, England, have arrived at Prince Rupert, the first of a contingent of British immigrants, who will take up land on Queen Charlotte Islands this summer.

The Senate, as at present appointed and constituted is not of the greatest advantage to Canada. This is the declaration which J. R. Shaw (Calgary West), asks the House of Commons to make in supporting a resolution which he will move.

The largest telescope in the world will be completed at Vancouver, T. S. Shearmas, noted astronomer and scientist, has announced. The glass, weighing ten tons and measuring 10 feet in diameter, will be installed in the Frye Observatory, Seattle, in July. Importation of dogs from Great Britain, which has been prohibited since 1915, no longer is forbidden, according to information received by Canadian Pacific officials. The ban was due to the prevalence of rabies. It was stated.

A resolution in favor of "outlawing wars" by creating international laws which would make war a crime was adopted at the meeting of the National League of Women Voters' Committee on reduction of armament at Baltimore.

One of the new postage stamps issued by the Soviet Government of Russia is of allegorical design, showing the figure of a young man mounted on a white horse, with an army of workmen following his outstretched arm.

Talking movies with the "flashes" recorded on the film instead of on phonograph discs, have been perfected by Leo de Forrest, pioneer in the wireless telephone field, he announced upon his arrival from Germany where he has been experimenting for six months.

The subscription list for New Zealand's \$5,000,000 loan per cent. loan offered at par, closed within a few hours, the amount having been entirely taken up. Three million pounds of the loan will be spent in Great Britain for material for railway expansion in New Zealand.

Do You Keep a Diary?

The heroine of our new serial story wanted to jot down her first impressions when she visited Western Canada for the first time after leaving her home in England, so she kept a diary. Well kept diaries often reveal the most intimate thoughts of the diarist in a very interesting manner. Miss Elliot was no exception and if you read the story, "My Canada," which will be found in another column you will be more than repaid for the time spent in perusal.

Miller's Wagon Powders do not need the after-help of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and they will be found palatable by all children, and will ease the stomach and bowels untamable to the parent. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to exert beneficial influences in the digestive organs.

Enlarging Grain Capacity

Work Starts on Extension of Elevator at Fort St. James. Work on the extension to the North-western Elevator situated on the upper reaches of the Kamitiquia River is now well under way. This is to cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000, and will give an additional storage capacity of 2,000,000 bushels. The structure, it is expected, will be completed in time to handle the 1922 crop.

Ready-made Medicine.—You need no physician for ordinary ills when you have at hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Balm. For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchial troubles, it is invaluable; for scalds, burns, bruises, sprains it is unsurpassed, while for cuts, stings and the like it is an unquestionable healer. It needs no testimonial other than the use, and that will satisfy anyone as to its effectiveness.

The Hottentots are especially fond of giraffe steak and giraffe marrow, and a potroast of boe-constrictor is highly prized in Southern Guinea.

Strangled with Asthma is the only expression that seems to convey what is suffered from an attack of this trouble. The relief from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is beyond measure. Where the asthma, whether it comes from colds and rest, breathing becomes normal and the bronchial tubes completely cleared. This usually results in worth many times its price to all who use it.

Just Shopping. First Girl (in store).—I say, Mabel, if we aren't going to buy anything, let's look at something more expensive.—Boston Transcript.

Let the Children in, too!

It's no longer necessary to maintain a dividing line at the breakfast table—tea or coffee for grown-ups—no hot cup for the youngsters

Serve INSTANT POSTUM

to each member of the family, and all will be pleased and benefited by this pure, wholesome cereal drink.

"There's a Reason" for Postum Sold by all grocers

Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd.
Windsor, Ontario.

Unpopular

"I never can like that man."
"Why not?"
"I know he's all right, but I can't like him."
"He's never done you any harm."
"Not at all, but I dislike him just the same. He's the man my wife is always wishing I would try to be."
—Detroit Free Press.

NEURALGIA AND SCIATICA

Caused by Starved Nerves Due to Weak, Watery Blood.
People think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve of the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, but the character of the pain and the nature of the disease is the same, and the remedy to be effective must be the same. The pain of neuralgia, whether it takes the form of sciatica, or whether it affects the face and head, is caused by starved nerves. The blood, which normally carries nourishment to the nerves, for some reason no longer does so and the excruciating pain you feel is the cry of the nerves for food. The reason why the blood fails to properly nourish the nerves is usually because the blood itself is weak and thin.

When you build up the thin blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, you are attacking neuralgia, sciatica, and kindred diseases at the root. The value of these pills in cases of this kind is shown by the experience of Miss Benah M. Fairweather, Cumberland Bay, N.S., who says: "A few years ago, following an attack of measles, I was left in a badly run down condition. I was weak and very nervous, and had no appetite. A doctor was called in and gave me medicine, but it did not help me. My blood was thin and my hands and feet were always cold. Then to add to my misery I was attacked with neuralgia, from which I suffered severely. I was reduced to a mere skeleton, and did not care whether I lived or not. I was in this deplorable condition until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was some time before I could notice any change from the pills, but before a half a dozen boxes were used there was no doubt that they were helping me. Then I got six more boxes, and before they were done I was once more enjoying good health and was now strong and healthy. I shall always feel grateful for what the pills have done for me, and urge all weak people to give them a trial."
You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Increase of Suicides

Growing Complexity of Our Modern Life is Given as Cause

The Save-Life League has issued a report on suicide for the year 1921. The league officials have definite information of 12,000 suicides, and the estimate that at least 8,000 occurred which were not reported to them. The report declares that suicides were 23 per cent. more numerous in 1921 than in 1920, and contains the following observation:

"The growing complexity of our modern life, the feverish unrest, crimes, divorce, bizarre and questionable dress and other things have caused deranged nerves, depression and loss of self-control."

The suicides reported include: "10 editors, 10 well known writers, 40 college students, 51 school teachers, 21 clergymen, 57 judges and lawyers, 7 mayors, 53 bankers and 88 presidents of large business concerns." From the N.Y. Independent.

Diver Battles With Devil Fish.
Battling for his life off the coast of the surface of Puget Sound, Walter McGray, a diver known to mariners circles from Alaska to California, came out victorious over a giant devil fish. The monster wound its tentacles so tightly about McGray that the diver was unable to reach the surface for rescue. This unusual incident was freed after being drawn to the surface.

Big Crops in Peace River

Some idea of the development of Northern Alberta as a grain producing country is indicated by the fact that during the month of March, 645 carloads of grain were moved over the Edmonton, Duvernay and British Columbia railway into Edmonton.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

W. N. U. 2418

Handling Deadly Serpents

The Strange Power of Snake-Charmers in India

What is the mysterious power that snake-charmers of India hold over deadly serpents? Is it a power peculiar to certain natures, or a power which could, under training, be perfected by anyone? If so, what training? And what of who is there in Lhasa who teaches the use of this power?

These are some of the questions asked by "A.K.", a contributor to Cornhill Magazine, after describing remarkable performances which he, a senior official in the Indian civil service, along with a senior commissioned officer in the Imperial service and a department head of one of the civil departments of Government, witnessed.

The writer had seen several exhibitions of Nawab Sahib's skill when the latter had gone out into his garden and gathered up cobras and deposited them in a pot without the use of any musical instrument. He simply concentrated his gaze on the snake and then picked it up and placed it in the pot. Afterwards he drew the poison fangs from the serpent, and gave them to fakirs and beggars who made a business of so-called snake-charming. Nawab Sahib did not give demonstrations for money and he practiced no humbug in capturing wild snakes. "A.K." describes the modus operandi.

"The Nawab stood, with right elbow and arm pressed against his side, his right hand raised to his head, and one of his fingers closing his right ear. He took a small earthen gharra, or pot, to carry the captured snakes, and a cloth to tie over the mouth of the pot when any snakes were inside. He also carried a few grains of rice in his left hand. He moved slowly along, his head bent slightly forward and now and then would hesitate, as if listening. My friend, myself, and a few privileged servants followed a few paces behind, talking, if at all, only in a whisper. Suddenly, after a moment's hesitation, he made a dart to one side and seized the tail of a cobra that was wriggling away in the grass. This was duly consigned to the pot. Number one! We had the compound to search, and did not stop to extract fangs or to test the cobra to one side and expand its hood. Within fifteen minutes we had five cobras in the pot. Apart from the actual capture, it takes some skill to persuade an angry, venomous snake, held aloft by the hand, to take a dark pot. Once the hood is coiled inside the pot, the rest of the snake seems to follow easily."

When the party returned to the bungalow the Nawab explained that he had some power of so disturbing the cobra's habit of its influence that it would come forth and be captured. The power, he claimed, was projected through his eyes. As a proof of the latter statement, the Nawab bent over the pot containing the writhing snake, and, looking steadily at them, put his hand in, snatching the snake about at his will. First he would lift the head of one to the top of the other. Someone spoke to him and he looked up. At once his aim seemed to falter, and he cried out in pain, "Ah! I am bitten." The snake had struck him, and the spell was broken, on the third joint of his second finger. Then it was that the Nawab performed magic which the spectators were at an even greater loss to explain. He clapped his fist and holding his hand some eight or nine inches from his face, gazed intently at the place where the

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

skin had been punctured by the snake's fangs. In a few moments a small amount of yellow matter exuded from the wounds. It was the poison. He suffered no after effects."
—Cornhill Magazine.

HOW'S THIS?

HALES' CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh of the bladder, prostate, urethra, etc. We do not recommend it for any other disease.

HALES' CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts directly on the blood upon the mucous surface of the bladder, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions.

Was an Insect Pest.
The British Columbia Government this year is going to wage the greatest battle it has ever waged against the codling moth. Besides the \$15,000 voted by the legislature at its last session, provision for \$24,000 more by the Government was announced by Dr. Warnock, Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

An Oil of Merit.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is not a jumble of medicinal substances thrown together and pushed by advertising, but the result of the careful investigation of the healing qualities of certain oils as applied to the human body. It is a rare combination and it won and kept public favor from the first. A trial of it will carry conviction to any who doubt its power to relieve and heal.

Alberta Big Fish Producer.
During the past year over 1,000,000 pounds of minnows have been shipped from the lakes in Northern Alberta. The northern fish are of excellent quality and find a ready market. A considerable industry is being developed.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm-Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

Those Statisticians

Sometimes Well to Take Figures With Reserve

Somebody has figured out that insects do \$150,000,000 worth of damage in the United States every year. Considering the billions of dollars of damage which the experts claim is done in that country year after year by bugs and fires and floods and tornadoes and gophers and locusts and a hundred and one other agents of destruction, the wonder is that the republic did not go broke generations ago. Perhaps it would have gone if the experts had been on hand to tell people how fast they were losing money. Being disastrously ignorant of the way they were falling behind the key right on until the country is now the greatest gold repository in the world. The statistician is a useful member of society, but when he gets to footing up how much people lose of what they never had it is well to take his calculations with reserve.—5th Montana Bulletin.

In the house of many old Moors families, there may be still seen a great key installed in a place of honor. It is the key of their old home in Spain in the days when the Moors dominated that country.

The bonds of matrimony would be more popular if they paid cash dividends.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

Indian Head Nursery

Shipments of Seedlings Will Be Very Heavy This Year

The shipments of tree seedlings and cuttings going out this spring from the Dominion forest nursery station at Indian Head will be among the largest in the past five years. The kinds sent out are chiefly Russian poplar, willow and caragana. They are used solely for planting shelter belts on prairie farms. Since the nursery was established about sixty million seedlings and cuttings have been distributed to prairie farmers.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Sirs,—I have used your Minard's Liniment for the past 38 years and whilst I can safely say that I have never used any to equal yours.

"If rubbed between the hands and inhaled frequently, it will never fail to relieve cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the best for bruises, sprains, etc."

Yours truly,
J. G. Leslie

Dartmouth.

According to a calculation made by a German physician, a man who has shaved himself for fifty years has spent 550 days of twelve hours each shaving, before a mirror with his razor in his hand.

BEECHAM'S for Sick Headaches

Send by Dominion Express, Money Order, 10c for 10c, 25c for 25c, 50c for 50c.

MONEY ORDERS

Send by Dominion Express, Money Order, 10c for 10c, 25c for 25c, 50c for 50c.

BELTING FOR SALE

All kinds of belting, new and used, stock belting, 12 to 24 in. wide, 10 to 20 ft. long, rubber belting guaranteed quality. Write for prices in Canada. YODER BELTING CO., 147 York St., Toronto, Ont.

MECCA OINTMENT

—Barnes, Sars Gels Etc. Got Free Sample From Your Druggist

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any address. Write to B. CLAY GLOVER, CO., 155 - West 107th Street, New York, U.S.A.

CHICKS

No need to lose chicks. Raise every one into a strong profitable bird. Successful poultry raising is a easy way back on.

Pratt's Buttermilk Baby Chick Food

Sold everywhere on our money back guarantee. ADVISE FREE. Tell us your trouble. PRATT FOOD CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, Toronto.

See Us

Now is the time to see us about a new car for spring. We will be pleased to demonstrate for you the latest Chevrolet and Studebaker cars.

The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

(West End of Town)
Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars
BLAIRMORE Phone 105

The Heating of The Home!

We can install for you a
**Steam, Hot-Water or Warm-Air
Furnace System.**

Knapman Plumbing & Heating Co.

Blairmore Res. Phone 195
P. O. Box 262

THE PALM CAFE

ICE CREAM PARLOR
and CONFECTIONERY

Our Private Boxes are The Best

We have curtains off our boxes and invite you to drop in and inspect them.

Special Breakfast, Dinner and Supper served for 50c.
Home-Made French Pastry always fresh.

Home-Made Candies and Ice Cream.
Have your light lunch or ice cream after the theatre at THE PALM CAFE.
Open from 6 a.m. to 1 a.m.

THE PALM CAFE is the cleanest and most up-to-date place in The Pass.

Two doors east of the Orpheum Theatre.

BLAIRMORE — ALBERTA

OFFICE PHONE 167

RESIDENCE PHONE 134

E. J. POZZI

Contractor & Builder

Best-Stocked Lumber
Yard in The District

DEALER IN

Rough and Dressed Lumber
Sash and Doors. Shingles and Lath
Cement and Brick Construction
All Building Materials Supplied.

Plans Furnished. Estimates Submitted

Office and Lumber Yard, Victoria Street,
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

Painting and Decorating

Full line of **Paint & Varnish** in Stock.
Satisfactory Work Guaranteed. Prices Right.

— YOURS FOR A SQUARE DEAL EVERY TIME —
1922 Season Hudson Bay Wall Paper—
Samples now in.

G. K. SIRETT

PHONE 16c —BELLEVUE, ALBERTA.

The regular monthly meeting of the I. O. D. E. will be held in the Mission Hall, at the rear of the Union church, on Tuesday, May the 9th, at 7:30 p. m.

The Noble Foundation farm at Nobleford, Alberta, is said to be the largest of its kind in the world. Over eighteen thousand acres are under cultivation.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication
Blairmore, Alberta
Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion, \$2.00 per annum. Foreign subscription, \$2.50. Payable in advance.
Business locals, 15c. per line.
Legal notices 15c. per line for first insertion; 10c. per line for each subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising Rates on Application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER
Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., May 4, 1922

INVESTING IN YOUR JOB

If you are merely an average person, your investable capital consists, first, of your own personality or individuality that you acquired by gift of your father and mother, and, second, of what you yourself have added to that inherited capital—your training, your ability or acquired knowledge, and your industry.

When you take a job, you invest this capital of yours in that job. Your employer also invests in you; he invests opportunity. Your personality, training, ability, knowledge and industry can be converted into cash only through the agency of opportunity. This is also a valuable asset—an asset seeking profitable investment, for opportunity can only acquire a cash value when taken advantage of by personality, training or ability or knowledge or industry or some of them or all of them. Therefore, the investment is mutual.

The investment thus mutually made is in the nature of a speculation in "futures." Your employer gives you your opportunity in the reasonable hope that by application of your personality and inherited or acquired traits and abilities you will convert that opportunity into cash or service. You accept the position in the expectation of turning your opportunity into valuable service to your employer and thus secure to yourself, first, a living, second a cash capital, and third an augmented training, ability, and knowledge. Each is dependent on the other and must profit by its investment, or both will lose by it.

Every influence that favorably or unfavorably affects your health, your character, your financial standing, the esteem in which you are held by your fellows, is directly reflected in your value to your employer. His interest in you is not confined to the service you render him.

And no matter with what burning loyalty you may serve his interests, you are really building for yourself—working to increase your own capital—and your business is failing if every year does not show an increase in your assets.

Your future is just as big as you see it; your possibilities are just as great as your capacity for growth, and your realization will be exactly in proportion to the amount of capital you accumulate with which to translate your dreams into reality.

Take an inventory: are you increasing your capital day by day? If not, you are on the way to disaster. Take an inventory today!—The Optimist.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES AT INSTITUTIONAL CHURCH

Anniversary services will be conducted at the Institutional church, Coleman, at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. on Sunday next. Rev. J. Phillips-Jones of Knox Presbyterian church, Lethbridge, will be the speaker and large audiences are expected both morning and evening. Rev. Jones is a very eloquent speaker and will be heard in this district for the first time on Sunday.

We understand that Rev. Phillips-Jones will deliver one of his popular addresses at the Institutional church on Monday night, following a concert programme, after which refreshments will be served by the ladies and a family reunion will take place.

R. D. Wagner, an inspector under the Workmen's Compensation Board of Alberta, was in town last week end.

TIT FOR TAT IN TARIFFS

When will the people of Canada wake up? We mean wake up financially and economically. Here we are dwelling side by side with the greatest financial, industrial, commercial, and agricultural giant in the world. Our proximity and the fact that the countries adjoin each other for about 3,000 miles, creates the tendency to trade with each other more than with any other part of the world. We are close to each other, therefore it is easy to make one acquainted with what the other has to sell. Communication quick and easy. Delivery of goods quick—often in 48 hours. Every facility for large business relations, and the results are in conformity with what would be expected. We bought from the United States in 1919 \$750,000,000 and they bought from us, \$450,000,000. This leaves a credit balance in their favor of \$300,000,000. Our trade with the world in 1919 was as follows: Imports \$920,000,000, exports \$1,251,000,000, leaving a balance in our favor of \$331,000,000. Leaving our trade with the U.S. out of consideration we had a favorable balance of \$631,000,000. What have we done with it? Simply handed \$300,000,000 of it over to the United States. We handed over a large balance every year. Do we settle our debt balance with the U.S. by sending gold? No, we turn over our world trade credit balance to the U.S., and with the balance they buy our bonds and debentures. They are doing so in millions, and if we continue in our one-sided policy the U.S. will own this country, lock, stock and barrel. Our tariff against the U.S. is about 20 per cent average, and their tariff against us is about 75 per cent average. The giant feels he must protect himself against the Lilliputian with a 75 per cent tariff, while the Lilliputian dreams that he can protect himself against the giant with a 20 per cent tariff. It looks as if our perception were in keeping with our stature. Could anyone imagine what the change would be in this country if we were to make our tariff with the U.S. equal to theirs! Three hundred million dollars spread about Canada every year. Our factories would be booming and we would have no unemployed. Why should we create a balance in our favor every year and hand it over to the U.S.? We are friends, and we should be friends, but if we cannot retain their friendship playing fifty-fifty then it is a one-sided friendship. We should have a tariff against them as high as our present tariff, that is an average of about 20 per cent for protection against their great trusts and specialized industries, and for revenue; but above that we should go only to meet them on a common basis. They are 105,000,000 people, we are 8,900,000. We cannot set a tariff for them to follow; let them set a tariff and let us match it with a like tariff. We have only the choice of doing that or of heaving wood and drawing water for an absentee landlord. We don't say foreign landlord, for we do not feel that he is foreign. He is becoming our landlord at the rate of \$300,000,000 every year. Let us trade even or trade with ourselves. The U.S. have grown rich trading practically with themselves, for their foreign trade is only about 5 per cent of their total trade. We can try the same. We must buy cotton and coal and silk. That is all right, those will make up 5 per cent or 10 per cent if it will.

The one great essential thing for this country is that we should have tariff for tariff with the U.S. Let it be our slogan, and the party that adopts it will not only win power but prosperity. Let us play even.

—Saturday Night.

The work of restoring the Mark Sartoris building, which some months ago was gutted by fire, is proceeding under the charge of C. H. Ericson. When completed the building will be better and more elaborate and attractive than ever.

Today, everybody rides in automobiles (or Fords), strain their necks looking at airplanes or pretty forms on the sidewalk, eat at cafeterias, go to see the movies, listen to grand opera on the photograph or radiophone, have discarded woolen underwear, complain about not having the liberty to put their foot on the rail any more, swear at the income tax, smoke cigarettes, drink hair tonic and cologne, blame the high cost of living on the politicians, never go to bed the same day they get up and think they are having a good time.—Madison Times.

MINER'S FAMILY BARN CABINET MINISTER'S WAGE

BANFF, Alta., April 27.—How a Banffhead coal miner's family was earning the salary of a cabinet minister was brought out at the sitting of the reconciliation board Tuesday afternoon. The witness was Frank Wheatley, secretary of the Banffhead local of the U.M.W. of A. He admitted that in 1921 he had made \$2189.56 in working 170 days a contract miner and 20 to 30 days on company work. The mine had worked 255 days on contract work and he could have worked full time but he had other duties to perform which had brought him in a certain salary. Two of his sons he admitted had earned \$1920.10 and \$2016.44 respectively, making the total family earnings \$6135.01. Much discussion centred during the session as to the powers of District 18 negotiating a contract without reference to the miners. It transpired that so far as District 18 was concerned it had almost complete autonomy. When Frank Wheatley raised the question of operators submitting cost of production he was told by the chairman that the question of profits was entirely outside the scope of the inquiry. What the board was concerned about was the ascertainable of what constituted a fair wage.—Calgary Herald.

PASTOR CHASES HOME HIS "UNDRESSED PEACOCKS"

South Vancouver.—"Before this service proceeds," announced the Rev. Abel L. Roberts, noted for his outspoken satire, "I want every undressed peacock to go home and put on enough clothes to make a decent appearance." He went on to fix a stern gaze upon certain stylishly dressed women and girls in his flock, and added: "Last Sunday, being Easter, I stood for a lot and allowed many of you undressed peacocks to remain, but I am not going to stand for any more of this nonsense. Any woman or girl that wants to worship in this church, will have to wear plenty of clothes and quit chewing gum while I am trying to deliver the Gospel. This church is not the place for half naked women. It is not a cabaret or a vaudeville. We are not going to have the attention of men distracted, or the attention of other women diverted. While preaching, I want all the attention and don't propose to divide it with you women-folk who think it smart to turn up with dresses above your knees and peekaboo finery. Go home and stay there until you know how to dress."

Blushing furiously, and in a white rage, a number of women and girls founced out with their chins high in the air.

FIFTY YEARS AGO

Fifty years ago, hogs were four cents a pound; milk was five cents a quart; the butcher gave away liver; the hired girl received one dollar a week and did the washing; women did not paint and powder in public, play "put and take" or shake the shimmy, and they were taught to cook at the age of ten. Men wore whiskers and boots, chewed tobacco, spit on the sidewalk and cursed. Laborers worked ten hours a day and never went on strike. No one was ever operated upon for appendicitis, microbes were never heard of and folks lived to a good old age.

Today, everybody rides in automobiles (or Fords), strain their necks looking at airplanes or pretty forms on the sidewalk, eat at cafeterias, go to see the movies, listen to grand opera on the photograph or radiophone, have discarded woolen underwear, complain about not having the liberty to put their foot on the rail any more, swear at the income tax, smoke cigarettes, drink hair tonic and cologne, blame the high cost of living on the politicians, never go to bed the same day they get up and think they are having a good time.—Madison Times.

—Subscribe To The Enterprise—

BELLEVUE. ODDFELLOWS CELEBRATE

On Monday evening the 103rd anniversary of American Oddfellowship was celebrated by the Oddfellows of Bellevue. Bro. Fred Padgett occupied the chair as noble grand, and managed by the skin of his teeth to escape the chairman's address. A splendid musical entertainment was gone thru, the following artists being among those to take part:

Piano Solo—Mr. Altham.
Song—Sister Litherland.
Comic Song—Bro. H. Peters.
Song—Sister G. Knowles.
Music Selection—Miss Williams, piano; Mr. Moser, violin; Mr. Colman, saxophone; Bro. W. Goodwin, saxophone.

Quartette—Bros. H. Peters, A. Halliwell, W. Goodwin and Mr. Crawshaw.

Song—Sister Woods.
Piano Solo—Mr. Atkinson.
Duet—Bro. H. Peters and Mr. Crawshaw.

The last item on the programme was a screaming playlet, entitled, "When the Worm Turns," in which the following were the principals: Bro. H. Harrison as the worm, Bro. D. Currie as the turner, Sister F. Halliwell and Sister Olive Goodwin. Bro. Harrison seemed at one period of the game to be losing out, but by a magnificent and commanding stature he asserted himself at the close all had to admit that he was no such thing as a worm, and if only that pistol had not missed fire, oh, dear! However, all ended very happily with a narrow escape for Bro. Currie.

About one hundred and fifty Oddfellows and Rebekahs were present and all enjoyed themselves.

NEXT MONDAY, ARBOR DAY

The executive council of the provincial government have selected next Monday, May the 8th, as Arbor Day for the province, and as such will be a school and semi-public holiday, on which it is expected that a general programme of tree planting, beautifying and general clean-up will take place.

Here is your opportunity to fall in line with our suggestion of last week, to plant at least one tree for each family in some position to add to the general appearance of the town. Already we have been assured by a number of parties that they intend to take the initiative and plant trees along the north and south of the railway boundary line. Why not make it unanimous and have five hundred trees planted?

Of late hundreds of baby trees are being shipped per express to points on the prairie where trees are nil, and if there is so much interest being manifested at a considerable cost on the prairies, why should not we get busy where our only expense would be an hour's labor?

The West Canadian Collieries are showing the finest spirit in cleaning up their west townsite, where teams and men have been engaged for the past two weeks destroying dead shrubbery, burying cans and other rubbish and generally laying out the entire townsite parklike at their own expense. A similar move should be undertaken in the east end of the town through the town council, but so far no such steps have been taken.

BELLEVUE ODDFELLOWS ATTEND DIVINE SERVICE

Bellevue Oddfellows celebrated the 103rd Anniversary of the founding of the Order on the American continent by attending divine service at the Methodist church on Sunday evening, last, where they were addressed by Rev. Bro. Harry Peters. Bro. Peters delivered an appropriate and powerful discourse, taking as his subject, "Friendship." The little church was packed to overflowing. A full choir was in attendance under direction of Choirmaster Watts Goodwin, and accompanied by Miss M. Williams. A beautiful anthem, entitled "Hark, Hark My Soul," was rendered by the choir and a duet and solo members of the choir were well received.

Swinging Of Pendulum Will Now Be Used For Locating Oil Or Gas

We have all stopped before a clock and watched the pendulum go to and fro, and tick off the seconds of time in its ceaseless work. Why it ticks off seconds, we probably do not know, and furthermore do not care—we simply know that it is its business to do so. However, there is a reason; it is dependent upon the length of the pendulum and upon the force or pull that causes it to oscillate. If we change its length the period will be different, or if we change the force or pull, retaining the same length, the period will again be different.

The pull or force is essentially the attraction of the earth upon the displaced bob of the pendulum, so that if we allow a pendulum of invariable length to swing in different parts of the earth, and note the number of swings it makes, say in an hour or in a day, it will give us a measure for determining the difference of pull or attraction of the earth, which would mean that it would tell us the relative distance that we are from the centre of the earth at the various stations of observation. From this it is obvious that the figure or ellipticity of the earth may be found by means of the pendulum.

The figure and rotation of the earth affect the pendulum in two distinct ways. In the northern hemisphere going southward, away from Ottawa to Washington, we get a little farther away from the centre of the earth on account of the equatorial bulge. Then, furthermore, at Washington the centrifugal force is greater, there is a greater tendency to fly off, so that altogether the pull at Ottawa is greater than it is at Washington.

It may be observed that a miner, weighing his gold in the Yukon by means of a spring balance and believing it to represent so many pounds and ounces, would naturally be surprised if he weighed that same gold with the same spring balance in Ottawa, before turning his gold over to the Mint, to find that it weighed less here by something like the 550th part of what it weighed in the Yukon. This is due to no fault of the scale whatever, but simply that gravity is less at Ottawa than at places further north. This is one reason why spring balances are illegal as appliances for weighing. The greatest difference in gravity upon the earth is between the poles and the equator, where the difference amounts to fully one-two-hundredths.

With the great many pendulum observations, or gravity observations, as otherwise called—because by means of the pendulum we determine the gravity of the earth—distributed over many parts of the earth, besides actual linear measurements which have been made, the figure of the earth is determined with a high degree of accuracy, so that at any given latitude we know in advance what the theoretical value of gravity should be, or, which is the same thing, we know accurately the length that the pendulum must have in order to swing secondly there.

The mean density of the earth, which is a little over five and a half times that of water, has been well determined and more so the densities of the many different kinds of rock formations and other minerals that constitute the crust of the earth, upon which the oscillations are dependent. Any change in the distribution of them will, therefore, affect the time of the oscillations of the

pendulum. It is obvious that the nearer matter is more effective than matter more remote in its attraction on the pendulum.

All the preceding is to explain and emphasize that the oscillation of a pendulum is dependent upon the distribution of matter around it and below it.

We are just now at the point of revealing what the pendulum shows and by work carried on by the Dominion Observatory. Let us here say a few words of the pendulums used for gravity observations. These pendulums have no clockwork. They swing on an agate plane supported by an agate knife-edge. The time of oscillation of a single swing is determined to an extraordinary degree of accuracy—the one ten-millionth of a second of time—the time being derived from the stars.

Hence, if we set up our apparatus at a place whose latitude is accurately known, and determine the time of oscillation of the pendulum, whose period is known at a given place, like Ottawa and Washington, we will know whether there is an excess or defect of mass about the station, or place. In another word, and the revelation is made. We find, for instance, that the pendulum swings too quickly for that particular latitude, which would mean that there is an excess of mass acting on the pendulum. Such a result would absolutely preclude the presence of oil or gas in the rock formation. This is surely something worth knowing to the prospector or company about to drill for oil or gas. It seems a far story that the pendulum, quietly and almost invisibly swinging with small amplitude, in a small exhausted iron case, should tell so surely and so well whether oil or gas are below it; for where oil or gas are, the same space cannot be occupied by dense rocks, and if dense rocks are present to excess there must be oil or gas in any quantities present, so that the pendulum tells us positively of the absence of oil or gas.

If, on the other hand, we find that the pendulum is swinging too slowly, when its period is too long, this would mean that there is present a defect of mass, the reason for which may be oil, gas or rock of small density, so that while the pendulum is able to predict definitely the absence of oil and gas, which may mean the savings of thousands of dollars unnecessarily expended in the search for these desirable commodities, it only forecasts the possibility of the presence of oil or gas.

That's Politeness
A woman in a New Orleans hotel said to her 5-year-old neighbor one morning: "As your mother isn't with you this morning, my little man, I'll cut your steak for you if you think I can cut it the way you like it." "Thank you, ma'am," the small knight replied. "If you don't cut my steak the way I like it, I'll be sure to like it the way you cut it."—Exchange.

Will Provide Help for Farmers
In anticipation that between 3,000 and 3,500 men will be required for seeding operations on the farms in Saskatchewan, the Bureau of Labor is planning to provide that amount of help for the farmers this coming season, it is announced at Regina. The estimated number of men required is about the average of the past few years.

Bulgarian Women Working

Volunteer Labor Army Doing Much to Restore Country

Even King Boris' two sister, the Princesses Eudoxia and Nadejda, will be obliged to contribute their share of work to the Bulgarian state under the new compulsory labor law, which requires all women up to 30 years of age to serve at least 10 days of their time every year in useful work to the community.

This ruling has been made by the stern peasant premier, Alexander Stamboulsky, the most powerful man in Bulgaria, and maker and breaker of kings.

Bulgarian women, said the premier, will be compelled to make garments and bed-linen for hospitals, contribute useful labor to orphanages and asylums, help to care for the poor and so on. Girls under 20 years old will be obliged, for a period of three months in each year, to study domestic science and the useful arts, so that they may become more productive factors to society and contribute to the common good.

Premier Stamboulsky says that one of the causes of Bulgaria's rapid recovery from the work is the work done for the state by what is called the volunteer labor army.

Track Meet At Saskatchewan University

High School Boys from all Over the Province Will Attend

High school boys from all parts of the province will compete in track and field sports at the University of Saskatchewan on May 19th, when the first provincial high school day will be held under the auspices of the Athletic Directorate of the University. A similar meet is conducted in Eastern Canada by McGill University, with great success, and contests of the same kind are held at most of the State Universities.

Interest in the meet seems to be widespread, and from a town as far removed from Saskatoon as Herbert has come word that a team of six or seven boys will be sent. The net receipts at the meet will be applied toward paying the travelling expenses of the competitors, and the boys while in Saskatoon will occupy rooms in the University residence. Full information as to the events and the rules and regulations may be obtained by writing to the Field Day Manager, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.

Skill Required

Two Irishmen were standing in the stern of a Channel steamer. Said Mike: "O! can't see how the captain finds his way across the Channel at all. Now, if we was going the other way he's only have to follow the white streak of foam there. But if ye go up the other end o' the boat, ye'll find there's never a mark to go by—Wayside Tales.

A return ticket sold by any railway to a passenger travelling over a line would be good on any other railway operating between the same terminal, by a bill to amend the Railway Act, introduced in the House by the Rt. Hon. Mr. Liberal, Brome, on behalf of R. W. Jacobs, Liberal, George Elman Carter. The bill was given first reading.

Most Natural Thing In The World

A Scotchman crossing the road one day saw a threepenny fly lying in the mud. He stooped to pick it up and was struck by an automobile with fatal results. At the inquest the facts were put before the coroner, who gave the verdict as "Death due to natural causes."—Ottawa Journal.

Iceberg Travels Across World

Monster Berg from Frozen North Seen Near Honolulu

A strange sight has been witnessed in mid-Pacific.

For the first time, as far records go, an iceberg has floated from the frozen north right down the Pacific into the region of the tropics, and has been seen off Hawaii by a Japanese liner that was on its way to San Francisco.

The Shinyo Maru was exactly one day's journey out of Honolulu when the monster, Captain Mak, saw the iceberg. At first he could not believe his eyes, and supposed that it was a particularly large whale, but when he turned his glasses upon the object it was evident what it was. The New York writer who was on board, and others on the vessel, confirmed the fact, and now scientists are trying to explain the iceberg's presence in this unusual quarter of the globe.

It is supposed that an exceptionally gigantic berg broke off from the Arctic ice-cap, passed out of the Behring Sea, and was caught in the North Pacific current after successfully rounding the Aleutian Islands. Of course, as it travelled through the warmer waters it must have gradually melted, but its immense initial size enabled it to reach the tropics as a great berg. Capt. Mak estimated its length when he saw it at about two hundred feet.

It would be interesting to know its further history, but, in any case, it cannot have long survived after reaching tropical seas.

The Necessity for Clean Seed

Properly Equipped Fanning Mill Is Essential on Every Farm

To maintain the farm in a clean condition and free from weeds it is necessary that the seed sown should be clean, whether it be grain or grass. As few people buy all of their seed, a properly equipped fanning mill on every farm is a practical necessity. While a new mill is to be preferred, this is not always necessary. At times like the present when economy has to be practised, an old fanning mill can often be put into condition to do work with comparatively little expense.

In most districts in the older settled parts of Canada there are many fanning mills that were bought fifteen or twenty years ago. As few people have been originally equipped with thoroughly good sieves, in fact, the best in those days, but when wires become bent and sieves broken the mill, however good it may be in other ways, cannot be depended on to separate seeds as it should.

It may be that new sieves for these particular mills cannot in all cases be procured, but there still remains a means for their renewal. The seed laborator at Ottawa, Winnipeg and Calgary, are prepared to examine samples of seed at any time with a view to advising what sieves to use and where they may be obtained. For such examination samples of from eight to ten ounces should be submitted. The sender should state the kind of mill he has. In Pamphlet No. 4 of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, the Seed Commissioner recommends the sieves that should be ordered for the cleaning of clover seed, grass seed, and the various kinds of grain, and gives diagrams of same.

Arctic Menu

The natives of Wrangel have a diet of great variety. In order of importance the items of the daily menu may be set down as follows: Fish, cooked fish, raw fish, seal, walrus, bear, seal, whale, moss, frozen fish, smoked fish, and fish oil.—Ottawa Journal.

Fort Prince Of Wales

The Most Northerly Fortress On This Continent

Dominion Agricultural Publications

Bulletins on Important Subjects Can Be Obtained on Application

Besides the reports of the divisions and experimental farm stations and sub-stations of the Dominion Experimental Farms System, the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa announces that bulletins on the following subjects may be had on direct application: Bee Diseases; Best Scrap versus Skim-Milk For Egg Production; Commercial Feeding Stuff; Fertilizers for Flowering Plants, Vegetables, Small Fruits and Lawns; List of Publications, Outlook for Dairying and the Marketing of Dairy Produce; Swine Husbandry in Canada. (3rd edition); Why and How to Use Milk; Crop Rotation; the Potato, its Cultivation and Varieties; Seed Treatment for Smut; the Control of the Corn Borer; the Control of Grasshoppers; Beautiful Homes and How the Farmer May Make Them.

Sea-Otter Becoming Rare

Animals Only Found in Parts of North America

An animal that is becoming rarer every year and will soon be almost unknown is the sea-otter. These beasts are very like seals and are found in parts of North America. A curious feature about them is that they never collect in big parties but live in pairs. The female sea-otter is a very good mother and will fight for her young when attacked by the hunters.

The Eskimos have adopted a very ingenious device for finding out the whereabouts of the animals. They suspend a number of bells from posts and connect them by means of string with the shallow parts of the sea which form the animals' haunts. Consequently, when an otter is approaching they hear the string and the bells to warn the hunters.

Sea-otters are generally killed while asleep either on the ice or the top of the water. The animals sleep on their backs with the young otters in their paws in the same way that a mother holds her baby.

Otter fur, which is highly prized, especially in China, is becoming very difficult to obtain.

Old Prophecy Fulfilled

The marriage of Princess Mary and Viscount Lascelles will fulfil a curious old prophecy, of which few people are aware. More than 150 years ago, in 1770, it was said that one day the daughter of a King would be found in the Clancarrin family and would wear the famous jewels of that house. That is now coming true, for Lord Lascelles's mother was of that family, and it was from his uncle, the late Lord Clancarrin, that the bridegroom inherited not only a considerable fortune but the famous gems which Princess Mary is destined to wear.

Mineral Dyes Made in B.C.

The first consignment of finished product was turned out recently from the Pacific Colour Company's plant at Chilliwack, B.C. The plant, which has a capacity of three tons of dry dye colour a year, is the second to be opened in America to take advantage of a German method of preparing mineral dyes and colours. The raw material used is lead ore from Field, and subsidiary ingredients from Hudson Lake district, British Columbia.

On February 4, 1922, the old Fort Prince of Wales, which occupies the west peninsula at the mouth of the Churchill River, Hudson Bay, was placed by order in council, under the control of the National Parks Branch of the Department of the Interior, and will henceforth be preserved as one of the chief historic memorials of Western Canada. The old fort has the distinction of being the most northerly fortress on the American continent, and, at the time of its completion, in 1747, was the strongest fort in North America, not even excepting Quebec.

According to the original plans its walls were to have been 4 feet thick, but, owing to some objection on the part of the Governor they were built but 25 feet thick. This, however, was judged inadequate after a certain amount of heavy gun practice, and one section of the wall was pulled down and rebuilt according to the original specifications. The fort mounted 40 guns, carrying from 6 to 24 pounds.

In August, 1783, Samuel Hearne, the Hudson's Bay explorer and Governor of Fort Churchill, received the astonishing information that England and France were at war, and that Admiral de la Perouse, with a force of 400 soldiers, was waiting outside of the fort for his surrender. As a prisoner, he witnessed the efforts of the French Admiral to demolish the massive fortifications, which had taken fourteen years to build. Since that time the fortress has remained a picturesque and romantic ruin, a relic of its fate, and always in danger of being blotted from the national memory. There is now every probability that, in the course of time and as opportunity offers, the old fort will receive the attention and care from the National Parks Branch that are being devoted to other historic sites, and that the old ruin, with the fifty acres of land attached, will become an interesting feature of the ever-extending scheme of Dominion parks.

One Beauty of Winter

Snow Acts as Silencer and Gives Relief from Noise

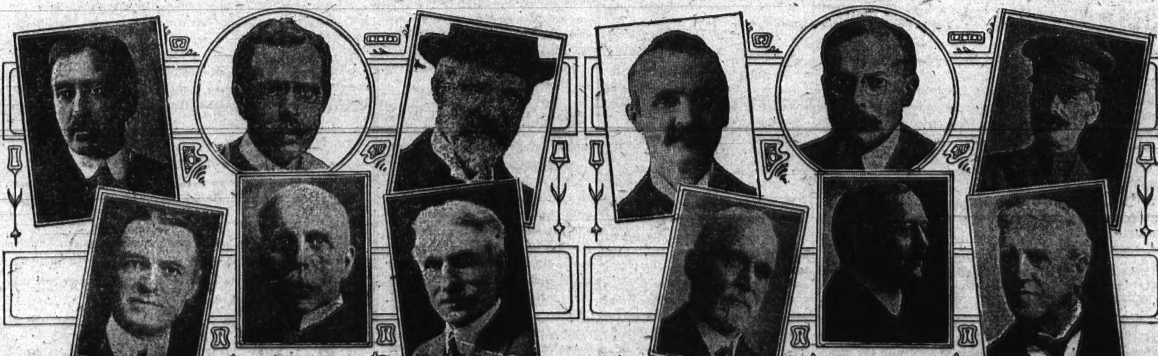
One beauty of a Canadian winter is that it deadens noise. The snow comes and puts a silencer on the traffic on the streets, and the double windows add it in keeping out noise. It might be said that these windows also keep out the dust, but perhaps that is offset by the fact that the furnaces and stoves make—but suppose there were both!

Just think of this now the spring has come and the time almost for no more snow and no more double windows, and later on powder over Curly's words: "That, which the world torments us in most is noise. It is the devil's own infernal din all the blessed day long, confounding God's work and His creatures. A truly awful combination; and the worst of all is a railway whistle, like the scream of 10,000 cats, and every cat as big as a cathedral." And then try to prevent as many unnecessary noises as you can.—Kingston Standard.

The X-ray is used in aeroplane construction to detect defective materials, weak metal castings and workmanship, which would otherwise escape the eye of an inspector.

W. N. U. 1417

THE HONORARY COUNCIL FOR SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH



Top Row: Left to Right—Arthur Surveyor, B.A.Sc., M.E.I.C.; Sir George Garman, B.A.Sc., L.D.; Prof. A. B. McCallum, Ph.D., Sc.D., L.D.; F.R.S.; President W. C. Murray, M.A., L.D., F.R.S.C.; R. A. Ross, D.Sc., F.R.S.C.; Chairman Prof. F. M. Gaudet, C.M.G., M.E.I.C.; Technical Executive Officer Prof. F. D. Adams, Sc.D., L.D., F.R.S.; President A. S. Mackenzie, Ph.D., D.I.C., F.R.S.C.; Prof. W. L. Goodwin, D.Sc., F.R.S.C.; Prof. J. C. McLennan, O.B.E., Ph.D., D.Sc., L.D., F.R.S.; Prof. R. F. Rutten, B.A., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.S.C.

HILLCREST HAPPENINGS

(By Our Own Dear Folks)

Miss Annie Clarke has accepted a position at the Arlington hotel, Pincher Creek.

Mrs. E. McCulloch is at present on a visit to friends at Pincher Creek and Brocket.

Mr. C. Carlson is busy these days putting up a brand new fence around his residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Butler returned on the 29th, after enjoying a holiday in Calgary.

James Gorton, senior, returned a few days ago from a visit to Vancouver and other coast points.

Mrs. R. Cherris is the latest addition to the car owners' association by purchasing a new 490-Chevrolet.

Mr. John Maddison returned to his farm near Creston on the 27th ultimo, after spending a few days here with his family.

The dance given in the Union hall on Monday night was well attended and everybody reports having had a good time. Bellevue orchestra furnished the music.

The pleasant smiling face of our very much respected citizen, John the Greek, will be sadly missed whilst he is away on his annual vacation in Lethbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Prescott, Mr. S. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Royle, Mr. Wyatt and Mrs. J. Gorton journeyed to Bellevue Sunday night to take part in the L.O.O.F. anniversary service.

Quite a few of the boys are taking in the mine rescue examinations at Blainmore this week. Let us hope that they are all successful. Among them are, H. Richards, E. Jones, R. Clarke, F. Pearson, R. Massey, J. Howcroft and J. Dudley.

On the 25th of last month the tenth birthday of Miss Nellie Royle was celebrated by a most enjoyable supper put up by Mrs. Stenhouse at the Hillcrest Cafe, after which the guests took in the picture show. Those present included Mr. and Mrs. T. Fox, Miss E. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Royle, Messrs. D. Howcroft, John Howcroft, Ed. Howcroft, Robert Howcroft, Misses Gladys Royle, and Olive Howcroft, Miss Nellie Royle, Miss Irene Turner, Miss Edna Day, Mrs. R. Crichton, Miss Jessie Collinson, Miss Peggie Collinson, Miss Salvador.

TEN COMMANDMENTS OF PERSONAL EFFICIENCY

By Norman M. Sweet, Efficiency Engineer.

1. THOU SHALT keep physically fit—acquire common sense and use it.
2. THOU SHALT love thy business better than thyself, for exaggerated ego oft ruins an illustrious career.
3. THOU SHALT train thy will to be thy servant, to perform thy tasks, conquering all obstacles in thy path.
4. THOU SHALT balance thy enthusiasm with the right brand of persistence.
5. THOU SHALT not let the BIG IDEA blind thee to its correlations.
6. THOU SHALT conserve thy energy that thou mayest produce the maximum result at the psychological moment.
7. THOU SHALT not overlook the intrinsic value of economic, nor their application.
8. THOU SHALT let others do for thee that which they can do as well as thou—save thyself for the things which ONLY THOU canst perform.
9. THOU SHALT not overcharge thy brain, as fatigue is an insidious poison which saps the will-spring of thought.
10. THOU SHALT concentrate on all subject matter, then do well one thing at a time—all things well in due time.—The Long Fibre.

Weekly Provincial News Bulletin

issued by the Publicity Commissioner, Government Buildings, Edmonton, Director of Extension Work—

Announcement has been made by the Hon. George Hoadley, minister of Agriculture, of the appointment of Miss Jessie McMillan, late of Aberdeen, Scotland, and more recently secretary of the ocean travelling staff of the Dominion Council of the Y.W.C.A., to be the new director of extension work for women's societies, under the provisions of the new women's institutes act. Miss McMillan will enter upon her duties at once. She has been residing in Edmonton for the past two months.

Miss McMillan is a native of Edinburgh, and was educated in the schools there. She is a graduate also of the Heriot Watt college and the Edinburgh school of domestic economy. Since graduating her experience has carried her into many and varied fields of endeavor. Certificates she holds include the following: first class certificates in hygiene, in physiology, in ambulance, in home nursing, in sick room cookery, in fever disinfectants, in diets. She holds

also work which has been recognized by the inclusion of all women's societies in the opportunity to secure these courses. A very large number of applications have come in for these courses and officials of the department are now engaged in preparing the literature of courses and lectures for the season. As has been announced, Miss Bessie McDermid has retired from the position of assistant superintendent, the retirement of Miss McMillan, superintendent, having taken place last fall.

Seeding Operations—Seeding operations are general throughout the province. Considerable work has been done in the Edmonton district, operations being somewhat later in the south but now well under way. A greater part of seeding operations should be concluded by May 15th. Preliminary estimates of area in crop place the average as somewhat higher than last year.

Premier Greenfield and Attorney-General Brownlee are still at Ottawa continuing negotiations in connection

with the status in to take place on the gold claims recently staked in the Sweet Grass Hills, south of Taber. It is announced. The Alameda Copper Co. is sealing three parcels into the field to develop the recent gold strike.

Development is commencing in the oil fields south-east of Lethbridge, following the oil strike recently made on the Montana side of the border. Several oil rigs are to commence work on the Alberta side of the border in this field, it is announced.

Feeding Tests at University—The first stock feeders' day to be held in Canada, was held last week at the college of agriculture, university buildings, Edmonton, when a large number of stock feeders and others interested attended the lectures given by Prof. Dowell, Prof. Lattimer and Prof. Davidson on results of feeding tests carried out for the past two and three years with cattle, sheep and swine. Typewritten pamphlets bearing the results of the various tests were distributed among those present and keen interest was displayed in the lectures, which were of a most practical nature. Those attending the lectures were able to obtain a practical knowledge of how the tests were carried out and the consequent results. During luncheon held at the university Hon. George Hoadley, H. A. Craig, representatives of the packing industry and others, commended the faculty of agriculture on the work that had been done, and urged the importance of better feeding of livestock and improvement of quality to get the full possible results from the market.

The feeding steers purchased last fall by the university were sold the past week on the Edmonton stock yards for very high prices. Some 70 steers were purchased in the first place at the average of \$3.22 and were sold at an average of \$6.72, averaging in weight about 1240 pounds. Fifty six of them were sold at 7 vts, six at 6 vts and three at 5 cents. The marketing cost totalled 23 cents per cwt. lot. Gains varied from 37.50 per head down to \$2.50 per head on the proper stuff.

The advisory council of scientific research of the province is making extensive preparations for work during the coming season. One party will undertake an extensive geological survey of the foothill country, to ascertain existence of coal and oil deposits. Another party will make an investigation of the iron deposits on Lake Athabasca. The work is under the direction of Prof. Allen, of the university.

Increased production of coal during the month of February is shown by returns made. The production for February of this year was 150,108 tons more than in February of 1921. The total production of all coal was 615,594 tons compared with 465,486 tons for February 1921.

Many inquiries are being received by the publicity commissioner from intending settlers in Alberta, chiefly from the middle western states. Interest is displayed in all parts of the province. The government is not encouraging wholesale immigration, but offers encouragement to those who have sufficient capital to establish themselves.

Monday, May 8th, has been settled upon as Arbor Day this year, an order-in-council having been passed by the provincial government to that effect. The holiday is mainly intended to provide an opportunity for the school children of the province to plant trees about the school premises.

The holiday is observed, however, by government offices and in other official circles.

Permit teachers will soon be a thing of the past, declares Hon. P. Baker, minister of education. Though there are about 200 permits now in existence, these have been granted only until the middle of April. About

100 new teachers will be available from the normal schools this season.

Arrangements are being made by the Hon. George Hoadley, minister of agriculture, for the establishment of an experimental station for experiments in treatment of livestock diseases at the government farm just north of Edmonton, at Oliver. There is a farm of 900 acres there in connection with the new institute for mental defects and a part of this will be set aside for use of Dr. Pratt Talbot, provincial veterinarian, the valuable experimental work he is carrying on in connection with various diseases of livestock.

Owing to the fact that a large number of certificates for free freight on baled hay have been issued by the department of agriculture, and that there might be some difficulty in getting these orders all filled, Hon. Hoadley, minister of agriculture, has made further arrangements in this connection. It is now announced that while no certificates for free freight on baled feed will be issued after April 30th it has been arranged that all certificates for this class of feed which have been issued up to date will be accepted by the railway companies up till May 15th. Orders for free freight on feed lots which have been issued up till April 30th, will be accepted by the grain companies until May 15th.

New Road Districts—

New districts for road work in the province have been mapped out by the public works department and the boundaries of these districts and the men in charge are as follows: (1) The extreme southeast corner of the province south of the Red Deer river and east of a line running through Legend, Grassy Lake, Brooks and Duchess. Geo. McMillan will be the resident engineer with headquarters at Medicine Hat. (2) The extreme southwest corner of the province lying south of an east and west line through Nanton, Carmanagay and Enchant. H. P. Keith, engineer at Lethbridge. (3) Immediately north of district No. 2, bounded on the east by the Red Deer river and on the north by a line running through Olds. Headquarters for this district will be at Calder, inspector of highways in charge. (4) South of a line running along Battle River and the Neutral Hills, and extending west to Sullivan Lake. Jas. McQueen, engineer at Hanna. (5) From Olds north to Millet and east to a line through Bittern and Buffalo Lakes. E. Ainsworth, inspector of highways, Red

Deer. (6) Between the C.P.R. line east of Camrose and the Grand Trunk Pacific line east of Telford. Ed. Robertson, engineer at Camrose. (7) All territory north of the C.N.R. between Vegreville and Lloydminster. J. A. Morrison, inspector of highways at Vermilion. (8) West of Stony Plain on Sanguine line and the Stony Plain to Jasper line. H. S. Day, engineer, Edmonton. The portion of the district immediately adjoining the City will be under direction of engineers in the department staff. (9) All north of Edmonton between Athabasca and Fort McMurray. D. Bard, inspector of highways, Edmonton. (10) The northwest corner of the province north of Lesser Slave Lake. A. H. McQuarrie, engineer, Peace River.

Plowing Matches—

Great interest is being shown in the revival of the plowing matches as a feature of agricultural societies, prize lists, and following the special provisions made by the agricultural department for these matches, several agricultural societies in the province are preparing to hold matches in May and June. An address by Prof. L. McGregor Smith, of the college of agriculture at Edmonton, on plowing matches, has been printed by the department in pamphlet form and a number of these have been distributed to secretaries of agricultural societies for distribution among members who may wish to enter such a contest. Points which have been held during plowing matches during the past years are Lacouche, Vermilion and Edgerton. Della is also planning a match this year, to be held on May 24th. For some years the plowing match has been a big attraction at fairs in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The grant now provided by the department of agriculture is 60 per cent of the total money paid out in prizes, with a limit of \$200.

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A NOTE TO MERCHANTS

Would you buy much more regularly from firms that never solicit your trade? Do not say—"The firm that wants my business must come after it?"

Yet some of you say, in effect, to your customers—"We're here. If you want our goods, come and get them, but don't expect us to go after you." It's a poor rule that doesn't work both ways.

Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop



HUSTLE AND GRIN

Smile and the world smiles with you;
"Knock", and you go it alone;
For the cheerful grin will get you in
Where the kicker is never known.

Growl, and the way looks dreary;
Laugh, and the path is bright;
For a welcome smile brings sunshine
While a frown shuts out the light.

Sigh and you "rake in" nothing;
Work and the prize is won;
For the nervy man with backbone can
By nothing be outdone.

Hustle! and fortune awaits you;
Shirk! and defeat is sure;
For there's no chance of deliverance
For the chap who can't endure.

Sing, and the world's harmonious;
Grumble and things go wrong;
And all the time you are out of
rhyme.

With the busy bustling throng.

Kick, and there's trouble brewing;
Whistle and life is gay;
And the world's in time like a day
in June.

And the clouds all melt away.

—Selected.

Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: J. Patterson, N.G.; W. T. Patterson, V.G.; H. B. Hoffman, E.S.; J. B. Harner, F.S.; J. Montalenti, Treasurer.

Crows' Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month in the L.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: J. Patterson, C.P.; W. T. Patterson, S.W.; A. Morency, J.W.; W. Patterson, Scribe; J. Montalenti, Treasurer.

Crowview Rebekah Lodge, No. 66, meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Patterson, N.G.; Sister Fraser, V.G.; Sister Evans, R.S.; Sister Walker, F.S.; Sister Pinkney, Treas.

Bellevue Lodge No. 118, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: F. Padgett, N.G.; H. Jenson, V.G.; H. Barlass, R.S.; J. Wyatt, Treas.

Armatice Encampment No. 17, Bellevue, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: A. B. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Barry, H. P.; Harry Jenson, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. Ercoff, treasurer; Charles W. Ray, Scribe, Box 6.

Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge No. 67, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: Sister Christie, N.G.; Sister Barlass, V.G.; Sister J. Hallworth, E.S.; Sister Litherland, F.S.; Sister Goodwin, Treas.

Visitors of the Order are cordially invited to attend the above lodges.

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BELLEVUE

Items of Local and General Interest

E. Pieschelle left yesterday on a visit to Calgary by auto.

J. D. S. Barrett, proprietor of the Coleman Journal, was in town on Tuesday evening.

The passing of a Man from this sphere to another last week did not necessarily affect the weather's prospects.

Seventeen lives are believed to have been lost with the missing Canadian light-house steamer Lamont on Lake Superior.

Twenty automobiles were destroyed when a garage at Brooks was burned to the ground last week.

The radio, it is claimed, makes possible listening in an ordinary telephone conversation; but it will never replace the sewing circle as a spreader of secrets.

Joe Calahan is leaving here on or about the 18th instant for a visit to his old home in Belgium. Mr. Calahan's services with the local hand will be keenly missed.

A company has been formed in Edmonton with a capital of twenty thousand dollars, to establish a mixed farm in northern Alberta.

W. W. Scott has discarded the old horse about of date, and has adopted the motor bus for the purpose of delivering purchases to his many customers.

The Hanna Herald will likely add several big-sized ladies to its staff, fully equipped with radiophone apparatus. Already young men printers are applying to The Herald for new jobs.

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Forrest Fink is now in charge of Mr. Cyren's store.

Mr. Holmes, of Pincher Station, was a week-end visitor here.

Mrs. K. M. Johnson and daughter are home from Macleod for a visit.

A baby daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Siler on the 29th.

Miss Clara Franz returned home Tuesday, after spending a month at Macleod.

Ralph Easterbrook, who has been at New Westminster for several months, has returned.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Perceval are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, May 1st.

Over three inches of moisture fell during the past ten days, holding up seeding, which had just started.

Ernest McEwen took over the general store business lately conducted by R. B. Harrison on May 1st.

Great preparations are going forward to make the old-time Victoria Day race meet at Cowley a success.

Mr. Frank Siler, who has been seriously ill in a Lethbridge hospital, is much improved in health, we are glad to say.

The Misses Anderson, who have been visiting here with friends and relatives for several days, have returned to their home in Parkland.

Word has been received from Rev. Mr. Moore, of Princeton, N.J., who filled the field of Cowley, Lundbreck and Tennessee for a time, that he will be with us again in May and will hold his first services here on Sunday, May 14th, at 7.30.

The Cowley School Fair Association was reorganized at a meeting held on the 29th. Officers for 1922 are: President B. O. Morrow, Vice-President M. A. Murphy, Secretary-Treasurer Miss N. McWilliams. More schools will be included this year.

Mr. Jones, formerly of the Union Bank staff here, but now of Standard, Alta., is spending a few days with friends here.

PLANTS FOR SALE—Cabbage, Cauliflower and other garden plants ready for setting. Apply Blairmore Market Garden, Tel. 400, proprietor.

Nothing definite has as yet been decided as to the location of a baseball or football league for this season. Locally, the boys are getting the grounds and then selves in form and are very anxious that leagues be formed and the schedule opened.

Simon S. Holman, aged 83, a pioneer resident, former member of the Montana state senate, member of the state constitutional convention, and a prime mover in many of the industries of the state, died recently in Great Falls.

For several years the footling king element have been about the strongest supporters of the prohibition movement. And now it is found that the operators of blind pigs and gambling dens are supporting the move for the suppression of Sunday golf. Seems that no good move can succeed without the assistance of the devil.

A representative of the grasshopper pest department of the provincial government was in town last week to confer with the local municipal authorities in connection with the general campaign against alien grasshoppers. He was given to understand that as far as grasshoppers were concerned, this was purely a restricted area, and the few pests we had around here were naturalized and protected for use of fieldmen.

Bill Patterson, evidently don't intend to be beaten when it comes to telling fish stories. He and Porky engaged in a competition a few days ago, and Bill closed out with the story of how with a Royal Coachman trout fly and a split bamboo rod he landed a whale at Glace Bay. He immediately put the fish in his basket and packed it home. When put on the scales the little thing weighed 2730 pounds.

COLEMAN HAPPENINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Duncker have moved into the Michalsky apartments.

The dining room of the Empire hotel has been closed indefinitely.

Mrs. T. P. Shields gave a cosy little tea at her home on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Field, of Tavistock, Ontario, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. McKinnon.

Mr. and Mrs. Laing have left town and are making their new home in Hazenmore, Saskatchewan.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, of Blairmore, spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McDonald.

Joseph Hoven, C.P.R. telegraph operator, has been moved to Pincher Station. Mr. Zennas has taken his place here.

Mr. R. Garter has given up his work as operator at the Grand theatre and his position is being filled by Mr. McKenzie, of Calgary.

The road over the "Great Divide" is now open and many of our local people took advantage of that to take a trip to Fernie on Sunday.

Anniversary services will be held in the institutional church on Sunday next. On Monday evening a concert and supper will be given by the Women's Auxiliary in the church.

WASHING taken in—Apply to The Enterprise.

FOR SALE—A One-Ton Light Dray. Apply to S. J. Sargent, Box 33, Blairmore.

The premises of the Alberta bar and Corner Association were searched for liquor on Tuesday night. We understand that beer only was found and that samples have been sent to Edmonton for analysis.

Bessie, beloved daughter of Jack and Daisy, died at an early hour on Wednesday. Bessie was a good milkmaid and from all signs too good a feeder, and death is believed to have resulted from something swallowed near a back-yard Cremation took place at the Blairmore dump ground, Rev. Humphries officiating.

The question is being repeatedly asked, why the provincial or Dominion government should grant privileges through license to any person or persons in a municipal corporation without obtaining from such corporation a recommendation that such a license privilege be granted. There are instances in Southern Alberta where institutions are being operated, blindfolded to local authorities, simply because it is claimed that special privileges have been granted them by a higher government, and they are placed, thereby in a splendid position to carry on any illegitimate business, they please with out the slightest chance of detection.

HOW HENRI KILLED THE BEAR

W. C. Motley.

Some time ago my friend Henri He said to me, "Pierre, I like to go with you sometime for hunt da grizzly bear." And so one day we left da sack Wit' grub for las' one week An' start for dandy place I know 'Way back by mountain peak.

She's mont' of June, By Gar, he's hot; We res' by shade of tree. My friend he start to boast an' brag He say, "Great hunter—ME. I mesmerize wit' human eye; More powerful—dat—dan gon. Da bear—he's cringe: can't stand da gaze. Too scared to fight or run."

He talk long time lak dat to me While we res' by dat tree When "OOF"—mos awful gront we hear. (Sound foot lak bear to me.) My friend don't stop for nothing den. (He's not so brave as me.) By Gosh, he's turn white like a sheet An' shin right up dat tree.

Da bear come out an' look at him—take bird perched high on branch—When "CRASH" da branch is bust. Henri Is caught by seat of pants. He hang straight down an' look at bear. Like picture hung on wall. Da bear, of course, is moom surprised: Can't make dat out a-tall.

But soon da bear is see da joke. Mis'mout' he open wide An' laugh an' laugh. By Gar he laugh So hard he split his side. Of course, wit' dat, he kill his self; Collapse on ground an' die. An' me—I not a one bit scared; I laugh so hard I cry.

Den Henri get loose from he's hook. (Vat' glad to come from dere.) An' we get busy on da spot An' skin dat grizzly bear. My friend explain, "Dat's mesmerize—For kill dat bear—dat's fon. But me—By Gosh, I moom prefer To kill da bear wit' gon."

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Farthest North Hospital

Building at Port Barrow Has One Doctor and Nurse

The most northerly hospital in the world has recently been completed. It stands at Point Barrow, in Alaska, directly facing the North Pole, and with the possible exception of an Eskimo hut or two, is the farthest north building on the American continent.

The hospital has taken over a year to build; it cost \$5,000 dollars, and the expense of running it will be over 15,000 dollars a year. Although Point Barrow has a population of only nine white people, including the doctor and nurse in charge of the hospital, and about 450 Eskimos, the hospital is really to serve an area of 60,000 square miles.

Later it is hoped to send an assistant, or perhaps two, to help the doctor and nurse, and there is also to be a housekeeper and a porter. The building and equipment of this hospital are a triumph of enterprise and a trophy of advanced civilization. The materials were sent from the United States to Nome by steamship, and thence on small schooners to Point Barrow. The journey had to be made during the short summer, but even then the weather was treacherous.

Piece storms assailed the small schooners, which became separated in a gale, and one was carried to the Siberian coast and damaged before it eventually reached its destination. The ship was to carry about 200 tons of coal for the use of the hospital, but the first year, but only 55 tons could be delivered, and the shortage of 145 tons led to considerable hardship.

The building materials arrived at the beginning of September, and the workers were able to erect the framework of the building and get it covered up before the winter snows fell. Then they worked upon the interior structure.

On September 6 the foundations were begun, and six days later the big chimney was started. But when it had reached a height of 20 feet a very severe frost set in, and in order that work might continue, a great bonfire was lighted and kept burning round the mortar, which was used steaming hot. The thermometer often registers 70 degrees of frost in this country.

Steadily the work progressed, to the astonishment of the Eskimos, who had never dreamed of anything so vast and stately. The hospital is built of wood and wood-pulp board. The main building is 70 feet long and 35 feet wide, and the basement rests upon ice. In the basement are two hot-air furnaces and an electric light plant.

If the Eskimos were astonished at the main building, they were amazed to see the tall chimney go up, and when the electric light came on for the first time they were struck dumb with fear. Very soon, however, their terror passed, and now their chief delight is to handle the switches and turn the light on.

The hospital is equipped with twelve beds, but it has accommodations for seventy. The nearest settlements to Point Barrow are some 300 miles to the south and another 400 miles to the east, so there will be little society for the hospital staff.

Who could withhold a tribute of praise from the little white staff who will labor in this lonely and inhospitable place to relieve the sufferings of a handful of natives scattered over a vast area of 60,000 square miles?

Common Ancestry

It is interesting to recall the fact that Princess Mary and her husband are descended from a common ancestry. They are both descended from Henry VII. and his queen, Elizabeth of York. One daughter, Margaret, married James IV. of Scotland, and Princess Mary's descent can be traced therefrom. As the daughter, Mary, married Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, and Viscount Lisle is descended from that line.

To Tour Canada

In order to acquaint himself with the vast resources of Canada, it is the intention of the Governor-General Lord Byng of Vimy, former Commander of the Canadian Forces in France during the war, to make a tour through Western Canada and go north as far as the Yukon. It had already been the custom of other Governors-General of the Dominion to make a country-wide tour during their term in office.

For Completion of H. B. Railway
Delegates have been named by the boards of trade of Prince Albert, Melfort and The Pas to go to Ottawa for the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway. It is not a matter in which the associated boards of trade in Saskatchewan as a whole are interested in, and other points will probably not send a delegation to the capital.

W. M. U. 1417

Seed Diseases of Wheat, Oats and Barley

Seed May be Treated by Steeping or Sprinkling

Every year the disease of Blight is responsible for heavy losses to the growers of wheat, oats and barley. This loss in the three prairie provinces alone is estimated by the Dominion Botanist to be not less than twelve millions of dollars. Treatment of the seed is simple and will greatly diminish the infection. In the case of Blight, the treatment consists in applying to the seed a solution that will destroy the life of the smut spores, which have been carried over from the previous year's growth. Either bluestone or formalin may be used and is about equally effective.

In using bluestone five pounds of the commercial bluestone should be dissolved in fifty gallons of water. The bluestone crystals dissolve readily by suspending the required quantity in a small hot, overnight, in a wooden barrel holding fifty gallons of water. Iron vessels should not be used.

When formalin is used, one pound of formalin of normal strength is obtained at the drug store, should be mixed in forty gallons of water. Thorough mixing is necessary.

The seed may be treated either by steeping or sprinkling. To treat by steeping the bag should be half filled with the grain to be treated. Drop the bag into the solution, moving it up and down several times so as to moisten the seed. Care must be taken that the seed does not remain for too long a time in the solution. When using bluestone, the time should be not less than two and not more than four minutes. In formalin solution the time should not be less than four minutes nor more than five minutes.

After treatment the seed should be drained back into the barrel and the grain spread out to dry. Neither solution becomes exhausted and may be used over and over again by simply adding fresh quantities as required.

The sprinkling method consists of spreading the seed on the barn floor and sprinkling it with the solution. The grain should be shoveled over rapidly until it is thoroughly moistened. About forty gallons of solution are required for one hundred bushels of grain. When bluestone is used use grain should be spread out thin to dry. When using formalin pile the grain compactly and cover with clean bags for three hours. The seed should then be spread out to dry.

Moist grain cannot feed through the drill as readily as dry grain. If moist seed has to be sown the drill should be adjusted to allow a freer flow of the seed in order to sow the required quantity per acre.

Seed in process of drying should not be exposed to temperatures below the freezing point. It is better to do it in the sun in a mild temperature. When bagging the seed to take to the field, either new bags should be used or the old ones should have been "dipped" in the solution in order to avoid re-infection. It is important also to cleanse the hopper and tubes of the drill carefully.

The loose smut of wheat and barley are not controlled by seed treatment with chemicals. Hot water should be used for this purpose. Bulletin No. 73 of the Experimental Farms, Ottawa, describes the system of treating seed grain to destroy loose smut.

Wave Quakes Felt 100 Miles Away

Tremors Travel at Rate of 180 Miles a Minute

Proof that the so-called solid earth is really a stiff jelly, is believed to be provided in the discovery that waves beating on the shore cause the earth to tremble.

Professor J. W. Evans, eminent geologist, reported to the Institution that he has obtained at West Bromwich, in the English Midlands, seismetic records of wave quakes produced by Atlantic rollers dashing against the shores of Western Ireland, 100 miles away.

His co-ordinated recording instruments showed that the tremors travel through the rocky strata of the earth's crust at the rate of 180 miles a minute.

The technical name of the records of these waves is "microseisms." They follow one another in endless procession; each tremor being separated from the next by from five to eight seconds.

Copily Wives

"An African eats the eggs of a snail and saves the shells of the animal with which to buy his wife," according to a lately returned traveller. If he is in a hurry for a wife, he can get one for 20,000 shells, but if he wants a better one he will have to pay as much as 60,000 shells. Money, cowries, a name given to certain kinds of shells, were used as a medium of exchange in India as early as 700 A.D.



A STRAIGHT TIP.
HANS: "Guess what I'm playing!"
JOHN: "The Fool!"
—Sunday Chronicle (Manchester).

The Ruins of Babylon

City Was One of Most Magnificent in World

The ruins of Babylon are the dearest of all dead things in the wastes of Mesopotamia. They are located about 100 miles south of Baghdad, and scattered over a wide stretch of territory.

The greater part of the city which has recently been brought to light belongs to the comparatively modern period of Nebuchadnezzar, about 600 B.C., but traces of the first Babylonian Kings (2500 B.C.) are left in the ruins, and successive strata reveal the streets and houses built by succeeding dynasties of the Assyrian, Neo-Babylonian, Persian and Graeco-Parthian periods.

Also there are relics to prove a prehistoric Babylon, but as in the case of Nineveh, it is impossible to carry the excavations deep enough, owing to the rise of the water level.

The city, when built by Nebuchadnezzar, formed one of the great and most magnificent of the world has ever seen. Ancient historians can find no words to describe the grandeur of the palaces, the splendid edifices, large gardens and pleasure grounds; especially the hanging gardens.

British Industrial Advances

Successfully Extending Into New Fields of Endeavor

At a recent trade exhibition in Great Britain there were several proofs that British production is successfully extending into fields where other countries once claimed something like a monopoly. There was a wonderful exhibit, for example, of chemicals and dyes in addition to an excellent range of chemical for medicinal and research purposes. Many of these products are the results of co-operation on the part of British chemical manufacturers. Evidence was also given that British firms are able to supply the film industry with everything required for the making of pictures, including the most up-to-date projectors and the largest commercial lens yet produced.

The loose smut of wheat and barley are not controlled by seed treatment with chemicals. Hot water should be used for this purpose. Bulletin No. 73 of the Experimental Farms, Ottawa, describes the system of treating seed grain to destroy loose smut.

The Making and Care of the Lawn

Important Points to Remember if Success is to Attend Your Efforts

Don't underestimate the importance of a thorough preparation of the soil before trying to establish a lawn. Most of the failures supposed to be due to poor seed are really because of poor soil, poor drainage or both combined.

Don't merely re-sow where grass would not grow before. Most likely the trouble is with the soil.

Don't fall to give a good rolling whenever possible, especially on a new lawn.

Don't cut a young lawn too closely. Don't top dress with fresh manure. It introduces weeds and lowers us slightly.

Don't neglect a lawn because you made it right in the first place. Per tillers are necessary.

Don't spoil a new lawn with light sprinkling. When water is needed, see that the soil is thoroughly soaked.

Even Trade

A country gentleman was standing in front of his place when a man came along leading a couple of old and weary-looking nags.

"Want a haast?" he inquired.

"Guess not."

"I'll trade you for goods," said the stranger. "I'll take it out in tobacco, in fact."

"Might make a dicker along these lines," said the storekeeper, "provided we kin agree on a basis."

"What's your basis?"

"Well, I'll trade you plug for plug."

—Boston Transcript.

We ought not to judge of men's merits by their qualifications, but by the use they make of them.

Odd House in Yokohama

Building of Glass Erected by Noted Japanese Bacteriologist

One of the oddest dwellings in the world is that erected at Yokohama by a noted Japanese bacteriologist. It may be described as a dustproof, airproof, germproof building of glass, which stands on the open, unshaded grounds of the hospital of Yokohama.

The house is forty-four feet long, twenty-three feet wide and seventeen feet high. Large panes of glass, one-half inch thick and about four inches apart, are set in iron frames so as to form the sides of a cellular building block. Of these blocks the walls are constructed.

There are no window sashes, the air escape being through several small openings around the upper part of the second story, but through which no air from the outside is admitted.

The air supply is obtained from a considerable distance far through a pipe and carefully filtered through cotton wool to cleanse it of bacteria. To insure further protection and sterilization the air is driven against a glycerine-coated plate of glass, which captures all the germs of the spores.

The few germs brought into the house in the clothes of the visitors soon die in the warm sunlight with which the place is flooded.

The space between the panes of the building blocks is filled with a solution of salts which absorbs the heat of the sun, so that the rooms of the house are much cooler than those protected by the "thickest" shades. In the evening the interior is heated by the salts radiating the heat they have absorbed during the day.

So effective is the system of regulating the temperature that a few hours of sunlight or even freezing weather will render the house habitable. It is only when several cloudy days follow in succession that artificial heat is needed. Then it is supplied by pumping in hot air.

Forests for Great Britain

Millions of Trees Will Grow from B.C. Seeds

A shipment of seven hundred pounds of Douglas fir seed was recently forwarded from the Dominion Forestry Branch seed-extracting plant at New Westminster, B.C., to Great Britain. This is the final shipment of seed collected in 1925. The total quantity of each kind of seed shipped for the season was: Douglas fir, 4,000 pounds; Sitka spruce, 3,000 pounds; and western hemlock, 100 pounds. As tree seed is very small and light, ranging from an average of forty-three thousand seeds to the average of Douglas fir, five hundred thousand seeds to the pound of Sitka spruce it will be seen that many millions of seedlings will be germinated from these shipments for planting in the extensive reforestation scheme which the British Forestry Commission has in hand.

First Aid Instruction on C.P.R.

Over 15,000 Canadian Pacific Railway men received first aid instruction during the season. According to the secretary of the C.P.R. Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association. During the year ending September 30, 1925, 1,522 had received instruction, of whom 435 had qualified for the certificate of the association and 353 had taken higher examinations, giving total for the year of 818 persons who had taken their first aid.

Model Farms for Russia

A group of 200 farmers and technical experts, half of them from Canada, left Toronto recently, bound for Soviet Russia, where they will assist in the economic rehabilitation of the country. The farmers are to receive from the Soviet Government special grants of land, on which they are expected to build model farms and agricultural schools for the Russian peasants.

Night shirts should wear longer than dress shirts because they are never worn out.

Benefits of Sneezing

Superstitions Held by Primitive People Regarding a Sneeze

Among many primitive peoples a sneeze signified the critical moment at which an apparition became visible to a dusky and amazed crowd. Mr. H. Stahly, quoted in La Presse Médicale. It was the occasion for felicitation and good wishes, just as it still is among the "civilized" whites of today. When one barbaric monarch sneezed the work was quickly passed along by word of mouth until all the subjects had been informed, and the latter then made solemn wishes for His Majesty's health.

At another African court the courtiers turned their backs and clapped themselves on the thigh at the royal sneeze. In a third country, at the sneeze of any important personage, those within earshot fell to their knees, kissed the ground, and wished the sneezer all manner of good luck. The Roman Emperor Tiberius made all hands salute him whenever he sneezed, but this seems to have been a personal matter, for Pliny had never heard the like.

Among the ancient Greeks artificial sneezing produced doubtless with a feather, was used for a variety of troubles—hiccoughs, cramps in the nasal passages and headache. It was also used for migraine in the Middle Ages, and, after the introduction of tobacco, snuff was used in a variety of disorders. Sneezing powders were also in common use, and attempts were made to break up epileptic seizures by their exhibition.

Certain people believed that sneezing relieved the human system of bad prognostic influences, while others took the exactly opposite view, that if a sneeze could not be provoked the patient could not recover. In 1817, Double, a writer of symptomatic medicine, believed that sneezing could hold good, according to the case.

Immune from Poisons

Some Creatures Can Eat Deadly Poisons Without Harm

There are many animals and birds which are quite unharmed by the sting of insects, or even the poison of the most deadly snakes. Ducks love to feed on bees, which they will swallow in dozens without any ill-effects. The same immunity is shared by another bird—the bee-eater, and apparently by the death-head moth. The South American ant-eater makes its meals out of ants of the most poisonous kinds. It goes to the hill and digs a hole in the earth, and with its powerful forelegs, then, lying down, he pushes his long tongue into the breach. The ants swarm on the waiting tongue, and as soon as it is fully covered its owner draws it in. The ant-eater's tongue seems to protect him completely against the attacks of wasps. His fondness for honey often induces him to dig up a wasp's nest. Most curious of all are certain birds which delight in eating deadly snakes.

The snake-eaters seem to possess unpleasant after-effects, upon an adder or two, although he has swallowed poison enough to kill a man.

How to Secure a Good Yield of Hay

Showing the Value of Alfalfa in the Hay Mixture

While hay yields last summer throughout Eastern Canada were much below the average, rather astonishing results were reached at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, where a five ton yield was secured on a forty-acre field. The Dominion Field Husbandman gives a description of the methods adopted to bring about such a satisfactory crop. The soil is underdrained and is a kind of sandy loam. A three-year rotation of corn, oats and hay has been followed, the corn land being manured at the rate of eighteen tons per acre. The hay mixture consisted of ten pounds of red clover, two pounds of alfalfa, six pounds of timothy and six pounds of alfalfa. The major portion of the crop consisted of red clover and alfalfa, but the alfalfa and timothy were used in case the former crops failed. The crop of five tons per acre was taken from three cuttings; the first cut, consisting mainly of red clover and alfalfa in equal proportions, gave three tons; the second cut, consisting mainly of alfalfa, gave two tons; the third cut, consisting exclusively of alfalfa, one ton per acre. Such a result surely emphasizes the value of including alfalfa in the usual hay mixtures in districts where alfalfa will grow. Alfalfa also improves the fertility of the soil. Although the yield last year of five tons per acre was rather out of the ordinary, the yield for the past ten years at the Central Experimental Farm has been good, averaging 2.37 tons per acre per year.

Married Life in Persia

A Persian wife leads a secluded life, having no society save servants, and she uses the bridegroom until after the ceremony.

Fatal Proof

Hoax—Do you believe that thirteen is a fatal number?

Joe Well, all the people who lived in the thirteenth century are dead.—Tit-Bits, London.

According to an old Jewish custom when a master the dog engulfs a new hand, the latter leaves his whiskers as a guarantee that he will be on hand to start work on the appointed day.

To the Mohammedans the picture of any person signifies a curse.

The Spread Of Radio

Modern Invention Creates a Problem Which Calls for Official Attention

There has been nothing in the magical story of modern invention to equal the sudden and rapid spread of radio-telephony. The progress of wire telephony, and even wireless telegraphy was slow in comparison. A year ago it was a toy for a few. Today United States Secretary Hoover estimates that at least 600,000, and perhaps a million amateurs in North America have some form of receiving apparatus. In Philadelphia and New York apartments are to be built equipped with instruments for receiving radio-telephone messages, music and the like.

This popularity has created a problem which calls for official attention in both the United States and Canada. It is necessary to regulate the wave length so as to prevent amateur interference with highway messages. Unless some order and system is imposed on radio-telephone users, the very air will be a weird jangle and chaos. The new device will bring pioneers, explorers, mariners and all people in lonely places into better messages with the busy hordes of men, but there are some disadvantages for those who would escape the din of civilization. Says the New York Nation: "Think of the tragic fate of some future Thoreau who goes to his beloved woods in search of solitude, only to find the night made suddenly hideous by the famous laughing saxophone played at station X Y Z and received and amplified by the invention in possession of the Boston Boy Scout in camp not far away." But the invention has been for a century sending the recluse farther afield, and it is not likely to defer to him now, even were he as eloquent as Ruskin, who viewed the railway as a desecration of nature. In the era of radio-telephony, which we are entering it will be no figure of speech to say that the world is a whispering gallery.—The Toronto Globe.

Gasoline Cars for Railways

Future of Self-Propelled Type Consideration of National Line Managers

The future of the self-propelled gasoline railway car to meet the needs of branch lines service and with due regard to operation cost has been considered by the Canadian National Railway management according to Hon. W. Kennedy's railway statement in the House.

Hon. Mr. Kennedy said that a problem which in recent years has been considered by the Canadian National Railway is that of providing suitable service on branch lines at a cost not out of proportion to the earnings and capable of meeting many cases of motor car competition. For this the self-propelled gasoline car seemed to be the most suitable. The Canadian National Railways had been active in obtaining experience with this plan of operation. Much must depend upon the attitude of railway labor toward the self-propelled car which could take care of branch line services if expenses of operation were not made too costly in the matter of wages. In this effort to cut excessive costs, and yet provide reasonable service, the self-propelled car was being tested.

"As a matter of fact," the minister stated, "these branch lines suffer not only from heavy cost of operation, but from the competition of the motor car and motor truck, a competition which is increasingly felt each year by all railways."

Her View of the Mormons

The Mormon invasion of London has aroused our charity to unwonted heights of eloquence, claims the London Morning Post. "Can't think what the government's a-thinkin' of, lettin' them Mormons come to London," she stormed yesterday. "Godd knows we've got enough Mormons as it is, but then the worstest sex of all." "One woman's enough for any man," says I to my man, "an' it's my silly opinion that if every man 'ed as careful a wife as you've got, then there'd be no more Mormons. At all," says I. "I can put up w' a good deal in religion, like," she continued, "from 'Igh Church to the Salles, and I ain't agin' Spiritualism nows and agins, but then Mormons, well, they ain't decent to begin w'it."

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To the Mohammedans the picture of any person signifies a curse.

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4 Room Apartment

ELECTRIC RANGE
Continuous Supply Hot Water

Desirable Building Lots And 20 Cottages for Sale.

Apply
**WEST CANADIAN
COLLIERIES LIMITED**
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

Dr. Key and family have arrived in Bellevue, where the doctor is to practice in future.

The Rebekahs of Bellevue, are planning on holding a roll call in the near future, the date of which is not yet decided upon.

Fourteen frequenters of a Bellevue gaming house are to appear before Justice Gresham on Tuesday next.

The action of E. Piccarillo against A. M. Morrison, of Coleman, claiming \$250 damages for alleged wrongful seizure of a car of hers, was dismissed with costs this afternoon before Judge McDonald.

Mr. Justice Clement, of the supreme court of British Columbia, died at Vancouver yesterday, he presided at a court session the day previous.

The local school board will sit as a court of revision at the school house on Saturday at 10 a. m. when appeals against the recent assessment will be considered.

The Kootenay baseball league opens the season's schedule on May the 14th, when Fernie and Waldo, and Michel and White Spruce will lock horns at Fernie and Michel respectively.

When in CALGARY stop at

The Hotel Alexandra

The House of Comfort

Free Bus — Free Telephone — Fireproof
RATES—\$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00
With Bath—\$2.00 and \$2.50
226 Ninth Ave. East Calgary

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PAINT UP! CLEAN UP!
A full stock of
Martin-Senour 100p.c. Pure Paint
ALSO INTERIOR FINISHES
Quality the Best. Prices Moderate.
"Save the Surface and You Save All"
Call and get our color scheme and prices.

ALEX. MORENGY
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

The Bright Summer Days Will Soon Be Here

ARE YOU READY TO GET YOUR FULL SHARE OF ENJOYMENT OUT OF THEM?
I WILL BE GLAD TO HELP YOU BY MAKING YOU ACQUAINTED WITH THE TWO

World Famous Leaders
AND FRIENDS OF THOSE WHO LOVE TO SPEND THEIR HOLIDAYS IN THE OPEN, NAMELY

Mr. McLaughlin Four

Mr. Ford Touring

—\$727.00 AND \$1550.00 DELIVERED TO YOU—

A. M. MORRISON, Dealer

FOR THE CROWS' NEST PASS
COLEMAN, ALBERTA TELEPHONE NO. 21

REPORT OF BLAIRMORE SCHOOL FOR APRIL

Primary
Enrolment for month 40, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 470.5, average 33.61, percentage 84.02. Perfect in attendance—Mary Gunn, Katherine Peron, Gertrude Gibson, Thana Ericson, Elizabeth Carmichael, Alexander Ferguson, Ines Aschacher, Denise Fire, John Suprovitch, Ina Walker, Glyn Morgan, Steve Huchala, Joe Bombardieri, Elmer North, Fred Kollanek, Enrico Aschacher, Edward Bouthiller, Stepha Jakubic, Sylvia Harrison; Dorothy Hamilton, Marion McDonald, Sara Jiljain.

B. E. Douglas, teacher

Primary—West Ward
Enrolment 24, school open 17 days, aggregate days' attendance 381.5, average 19.5, percentage 81.25. Perfect in attendance—Harold McPhail, Evelyn Bennett, Roy Upton, Billy Burns, S. McEellan, teacher

Grade I.
Enrolment 28, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 307.5, average 26.107, percentage 93.21. Perfect in attendance—Dante Ubertino, Joe Leskocky, Walter Perry, Annie Kubic, Joe Uhrin, Leonard Davis, John Stewart, Arnold Barattelli, Tom Hamilton, Alla Marcial, Nicholas Christophers, Louis Piccarillo, Albert Lonetti, Ellis Derbyshire, Nellie Wicks, Albert Chappin.

Mrs. H. Finkney, teacher

Grade II.
Enrolment 46, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 539.5, average 41.67, percentage 90.58. Perfect in attendance—Zita Gallioti, Winnifred Wolstenholme, Helen LeBlanc, Margaret Patterson, Rolando Maniquet, Betty Scott, Alma Martini, Lily North, Sadie Jarvi, Margaret Grant, Annie Kubic, Olive Young, Curaine Piccarillo, Charley Harmer, Kenneth Gibson, James Patterson, Miller Stewart, Martino Aschacher, Wilfrid Thibodeau, Eldred Palmac, Arthur Williams, Harold Joyce, Ricardo Ubertino, Joe Stela.

E. McCaughy, teacher

Grade III.
Enrolment 52, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 595.5, average 47.03, percentage 90.4. Perfect in attendance—Boris Stafford, Alphonse Capron, Andrew Chala, Mike Kollanek, Joe Ho, John Harmer, Bruno Rinaldo, Martin Kibowsky, Henry Thompson, George Lort, Richard Linville, John Morency, Valma North, Evelyn Oliver, Lillian McDonald, Dora Drain, Havery Jarvi, Kathleen McVey, Olga Aschacher, Agnes Kemp, Florence North, Alida Grimblomont.

B. Pinkney, teacher

Grade IV.
Enrolment 38, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 475, average 39.92, percentage 89.26. Perfect in attendance—Valma Bouthiller, Charles Brown, Billie Elwin, Lena Fraser, Mary Hall, John Harrison, Minnie Houbreg, James Joyce, Julia Johnson, James Kemp, Rosie Lee, Jules LeBlanc, Percy Leary, Colin McDonald, Earle McLeod, Dorothy McNeill, Margaret McDonald, Anna Pozzi, Violet Rae, James Stewart, Gladys Thibodeau, George Vire.

C. Marquis, teacher

Grade V.
Enrolment 36, school open 14 days, average attendance 33.19, percentage 92.19. Perfect in attendance—Vera Brown, Ruby Howe, John Howarth, Louis Lord, Nina Passmore, George Passmore, Hugh Robbins, Kathleen Thompson, Percy Thibodeau, Kath Smith, Charlie Joyce, Irene Chappell, Evelina Dewar, Josephine Fire, Betsey Fire, Alice Hornquist.

Vivian J. Keith, teacher

Grade VI.
Enrolment for month 30, school open 14 days, aggregate days' attendance 472, average 33.71, percentage



NO matter what you pay for a car, you won't find greater satisfaction than you can get in the Studebaker SPECIAL SIX.

That's why so many people who buy entirely from the standpoint of satisfaction, drive the SPECIAL SIX.

Satisfaction with a SPECIAL SIX is due to its dependable chassis, its Studebaker-built body, and the completeness of the equipment.

This equipment includes an eight-day clock, one-piece, rain-proof windshield with parking lights in lower corners of windshield base, and windshield wiper. It includes cowl ventilator controlled from dash, tonneau light with extension cord, transmission lock which is operated by same key that locks the tool compartment in the left front door.

Touring, \$2075; 2-Door Roadster, \$2025; 4-Door Roadster, \$2075; Coupe, \$2050; Sedan, \$2250. All prices f.o.b. Walkerville, Ont.

CROWS' NEST PASS MOTORS

AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS FOR CROWS' NEST PASS, Blaimore

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR

IT DIDN'T WORK

"Seeing an advertisement of a safety razor company in the papers, a young man wrote the following letter to the firm:

"Gentlemen: Enclosed please find one dollar, for which send me a safety razor.

"P.S.—I forgot to enclose the dollar, but no doubt a firm of your reputation would not hesitate to forward the razor."

To which he received the reply: "Dear Sir: Your order received. We are enclosing one safety razor, which we hope will prove satisfactory.

"P.S.—We forgot to enclose the razor, but we think that a fellow of your cheek does not need one of our razors."

—Forbes.

Mrs. Della King, 104 years old, died at Zion, Illinois, last week from influenza. More than forty years ago she was said to have contracted an incurable disease and was told that she could live only a few months. She was born in St. John's, Newfoundland, on January 13th, 1818.

British Columbia has declared war on gophers. Bounties will be paid to individuals on tails up to 250 at two cents each; for the next 250 the rate will be three cents each; for the second 500 payment will be made at four cents each, while on all over 1000 the maximum rate of five cents each will be applicable.

Alfred Cummings, engineer and government surveyor, is down from Fernie this week, for the main purpose of surveying and subdividing our office towel into sections, which will be placed on the market shortly. Here's an opportunity for you to get in on a real town sight.

Of Local Interest

We are pleased to report that Mrs. H. James, whose condition for the past few weeks has been very critical, following an operation, is now fast on the road to recovery.

Since prohibition came into force in Manitoba a few years ago, the people have been unusually ill, as 1,213,641 prescriptions have been issued—for strong liquors.

J. H. Davis is leaving for Fernie today to take over the business of the Turner Electrical Company there. Mr. Davis has several contracts locally and will also be able to handle local work while in Fernie.

A fine new residence is being erected on Main Street South for John Kubic. The contract is in the hands of E. J. Pozzi, who is present has a gang of men and teams at work excavating for foundation and basement.

The marriage of James Amatto, of Blaimore, to Miss M. C. Carayetta, of Michel, was solemnized by Rev. Father Anthony at the latter place on Saturday last. Mr. and Mrs. Amatto have taken up residence in Blaimore.

Bishop Manning and capitalists connected with the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Morning-side Heights, New York, will build a 600-family apartment hotel at a cost of \$3,000,000. The site for the hotel cost \$750,000.

Miss Josephine Tobin, of North Sydney, is taking action against the owner of an auto in New York, which collided with her, leaving her a possible cripple for life. The amount of damages claimed is \$10,000 and it is believed she will get the full amount.

Mrs. Patterson has returned from a visit to the coast. Returning, Mrs. Patterson spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Verge, at Calgary.

REAL TEA is good tea

27 Years the Same Good Tea—and Always in the Sealed Package

Some Sound Advice

In this column last week emphasis was laid on the absolute necessity of every business man and artisan, in fact of every individual developing their old confidence as a necessary first step towards solving the present business depression and consequent lack of employment. There is need for confidence by all, in themselves, in our business men and institutions, in Governments, and in our great wealth of God-given natural resources.

Coupled with a return of such confidence there is need for the abandonment of pre-war ideas of softness and ease and a renewal of an old-time determination to work. If there is to be a return of prosperity and good times, it must be preceded by the old willingness and energy to work—a return of those days when everybody was busy from morn till night and found real pleasure in their work.

Shortly after his accession to the Premiership of Saskatchewan a few weeks ago, Hon. C. A. Dunning delivered several addresses before public bodies, and the keynote of each address was the need for confidence and the substantial grounds which existed to justify such confidence.

Hon. T. C. Norris, Premier of Manitoba, in an address to the Credit Men's Trust Association early last month, laid emphasis on the same need, and on the necessity for unremitting labor on the part of all citizens.

If any men in the West today are in a position to size up the weaknesses of the present situation; if there are any men who are confronted with heavier responsibilities and greater difficulties and problems than other men; if there are men who might with reason feel a lack of confidence in the future, it is those men who as heads of Governments have had to deal daily with the scores of complaints and grievances arising out of the hard times of the past year. If these men can look to the future with confidence, and are willing to devote their best energies and all their time in bringing about that betterment which is to be had if it is gone after in the right spirit and in an intelligent, determined manner, then there is no reason why others should be faint-hearted or lukewarm in effort.

In his address to which reference has been made, Premier Norris made an important point which is deserving of the serious consideration of all workmen in cities and towns. If, he said, they desired to know the reason why so many of the brightest young men and women left the country for the city it was this: in the city men agitated for an 8-hour day and a 44-hour week. Every time they clipped anything off the working day or increased the pay by one cent an hour they created a condition which affected the farmers. Their men were anxious to come to the cities. If they shortened the time for earning money they increased the time for spending money. Every advantage of that kind cost something more in the production of food. Living became more expensive. More men and women were added to the ranks of the workers in the cities, with an inevitable increase in the number of unemployed and added acuteness to the problems which the city worker had to contend against.

Premier Norris expressed the opinion that the extreme labor man was thus standing in his own light when he advised a 44-hour week, because he took from the ranks of the producer on the farms and added to the ranks of the consumers in the cities. The balance must be kept equal to maintain the ability to bring in new money, and new money was that which was produced from the soil itself, and it was only to the extent that that new money was produced, that steady and profitable employment could be provided for the city artisan, store clerk and office employee. Not less work, but more work, was the crying need of the times.

Another point stated by Premier Norris was that, along with a renewal of confidence and a determination to work hard and faithfully, there was a very great need for economy. In this connection he said: "The majority of wage earners and lower salaried men are living right up to the mark every month; indeed, a large number of them are living one month ahead of their salaries. If we can turn them around and get them to live one month behind their salaries for the next few months, getting them away from the effect of living beyond their salaries, success will attend the efforts of every person."

Summed up, Mr. Norris' conclusions as to the remedies to apply to present conditions are: All citizens must develop more confidence. They must be industrious. There are too many persons who do not wish to work more than eight hours a day. Some people can afford to live in ease without work, but they are not many. If persons are not industrious they cannot succeed. They must practice economy. They can save enough money to get one month ahead of their salary, and they can easily do it if they make up their minds. They would find it was just as easy to live one month behind their salary as it was to live one month ahead of it if they would but make up their minds to do it. There must be industry and economy and with these would come optimism, confidence and prosperity.

Patrol Forest Areas

Fleet of Flying Boats to be Used in Northern Manitoba

A fleet of five flying boats will likely be employed in Northern Manitoba during the coming summer to patrol forest areas for the detection of fires. Government agents who pay the annual treaty money to the various Indian bands scattered throughout remote parts of the province will also travel by airplane, and thus will be able to accomplish in five or six days the work which formerly required several weeks.

There are weeks in the winter in Norway when the sun appears only a few hours.

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With PE-RU-NA, the most famous tonic and blood purifier on the North American continent.

Get a bottle of PE-RU-NA today; it is the ideal blood medicine you need to get your blood back to health and strength. It is PE-RU-NA which gives you an opportunity to get your blood back to health and strength. It is PE-RU-NA which gives you an opportunity to get your blood back to health and strength.

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W. N. U. 1418

Saskatchewan Butter Gets First Place

Dairy Industry in Making Rapid Strides in Recent Years

In a Dominion-wide competition in which six creameries of each province took part, Saskatchewan butter has been awarded the first place. Samples were shipped to a cold storage plant in Montreal and there scored by official graders. Scores were taken during the entire year 1931 and resulted in Saskatchewan being given the highest place among the provinces. Saskatchewan's butter industry has developed very rapidly in recent years.

Strained Muscles, Strains, Can Be Treated Quickly

In minor sprains, the muscle is strained a little, and all that is needed is a vigorous rubbing with Nerve Lin. This draws the extra blood away and permits the muscle to return to its normal condition. The supremacy Nerve Lin enjoys is owing to its penetrating power, it strikes deeply, that is why it removes deep seated pains, and fixes up folks that have Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia and Sciatica. There is about five times the pain destroying power in Nerve Lin than you find in the average liniment. Sold everywhere, 35c per bottle.

She Loved Canada

Coming from England to Winnipeg and then travelling from the Manitoba metropolises to the Bar B Ranch in Alberta, Miss Elliot had a splendid opportunity for studying conditions in Western Canada. "If you will read 'My Canada,' the new serial which commences with this issue, you will find what agencies worked to attract her to her new home. After spending some time here it came upon her suddenly that she loved Canada, the big crude land that had seemed so unfriendly at first. Read the opening chapter.

A chain of banks to be owned and controlled by organized labor is planned in California.

HALIFAX EXPLOSION WRECKED HER NERVES

The reader will, no doubt, remember when a few years ago there was a collision in the Halifax, N.S., Harbor and one of the munitions ships was blown up, causing great loss of life and having a large portion of the city in ruins, and causing a great deal of suffering and distress among the inhabitants.

Winfield Dill, now of Windsor, N.S., was living in Halifax at that time and went through this trying experience and the shock wrecked her nerves. She writes as follows: "I was living in Halifax at the time of the explosion, and it wrecked my nerves so that I could not do my work. I would take such nervous spells I would be under the doctor's care."

Mrs. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised, so I took two boxes, and they helped me so much I took three more, and now I am completely relieved. I can recommend them to anyone suffering from heart and nerve trouble."

To all those who suffer from nervous shock we would recommend our MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

as the best remedy to tone up the entire nervous system and strengthen the weakened organs. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the original heart and nerve food having been on the market for the past 27 years. Price, 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price to The M. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Noblesse Oblige

"Maggie, I can't have you entertaining policemen in the kitchen." "Sure, mom, and it's a heart ye have, I was sayin' to Michael O'Flinn only last night that if I'd spoke th' word ye'd let us have th' drawin' room."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania are estimated at 282 square miles, and this is practically all there is in the United States.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, organized by eleven firemen in 1868, now has a membership of nearly 120,000.

Give the average man half a chance to talk about himself and he will deliver the goods.

GIN PILLS

FOR THE KIDNEYS

THE WORLD'S BEST REMEDY FOR KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLE

30c PER BOTTLE

Don't Neglect Your Skin

Ladies—A few days' treatment with CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will do more to clean up the skin than all the beauty treatments in cream, soap and water. It is perfect complexion. It cures pimples, eruptions, itching, and all skin troubles. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price.

Starting the Car

When Everything Else Fails You Can Try This

To start the engine of a car after the self-starter has gone wrong and the crank handle is not available, jack up the rear wheels and then shift into high. Set the spark and throttle, prime the cylinders and by turning the car by hand, the engine will become active. Do not take hold of the spokes when turning the wheels around; use the tire, because there is danger of getting the hands caught when the wheels start to revolve.

You May Have Kidney Trouble And Not Know It

If your back aches and you suffer from dragging pains, it is an evidence your kidneys are not acting like a clock. What you need is a course with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They contain no harmful ingredients, but act very beneficially upon the liver and kidneys. "I was bothered with the back and my kidneys, and I got quick relief from Dr. Hamilton's Pills. My trouble manifested itself by pain in the back and my kidneys, and I got quick relief from Dr. Hamilton's Pills. My trouble manifested itself by pain in the back and my kidneys, and I got quick relief from Dr. Hamilton's Pills."

The Newspaper as a Stethoscope Local Paper Will Show Whether the Town is a Live or Dead One

The Board of Commerce of a "live wire" United States city, in one of its advertisements, says: "Some cities are awake, some asleep and some dead."

"If you want to know the condition of a city that you may chance to be a resident of, the real estate man for that city will tell you something before you know whether or not the city is worth staying in. Don't ask the merchants because they are a mixed lot and you might strike a dead end."

"The easiest way to find out about the city is to get copies of the newspapers of the city and look at the advertising columns. They will tell you everything you want to know. When you see that the merchants, the real estate men, the manufacturers, the small businesses, the banks, the hotels and other enterprises of the city are not well represented in the papers, the city, you need go to that city; that city is not healthy. Its business men are not wide awake and progressive. It is deficient in all that goes to make prosperity. That city is no place for you."

No need to suffer with corns, or to run the risk of paring them. Remove them surely and painlessly with Holloway's Corn Remover.

For Better Roads

Spend \$1,570,000 on Roads and Bridges in Saskatchewan

According to announcement made by J. C. Gardiner, Saskatchewan Minister of Highways, approximately \$1,570,000 will be spent on roads and large capital bridges in the province this season. The Legislature voted \$500,000 at the last session for public improvements.

This expenditure will be apportioned as follows: Roads constructed under the Federal aid scheme, \$300,000; large steel and concrete bridges, \$120,000; main market roads, \$150,000.

It is estimated that a sum of \$120,000 will be required for large bridges of permanent type, viz., reinforced concrete bridges of arch or beam type, or steel trusses on concrete foundations. These bridges will be located on main lines of travel serving some market centre.

About \$900,000 will be required to complete the contracts entered into last season, and those contracts will be called for this spring for the construction of provincial highways under the Federal aid scheme.

Arbians salute each other by placing cheek against cheek.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

A Practical Makeup



Shown here is a sport dress and hat which are very smart and yet very practical. It is one that can be worn for sports and at the same time at any afternoon affair. It is of henna, cotton crepe and borrows its design from the Russian blouse. The cross stitches in colors are all outlined by its decoration. The little hat is of henna, cotton crepe, embroidered in colored wool.

Practice Makes Perfect

"No, Bobby," said his mother. "One piece of cake is quite enough for you!"

"It's funny," responded Bobby, with an injured air. "You say you are anxious that I should learn to eat properly and yet you won't give me a chance to practice."

He Wasn't Able To do the Chores

NOW HE PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Manitoba Man Run Down and Out of Sorts Finds the Remedy He Needed in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Manitoba, Man—(Special.) "I feel like advising everyone to use Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Such is the statement of Mr. J. D. Dyck, who lives on R. 2, near here. Mr. Dyck has used Dodd's Kidney Pills and found them good.

"I had been dragging along for the last few years," he says, "till I wasn't able to do the chores. I tried two doctors but they seemed to do me no good at all."

"Then an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I am so much improved that I feel like telling everyone to use them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys. Healthy kidneys mean pure blood. Pure blood gives new energy all over the body. If you have that tired feeling that spring brings ask your neighbors about Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Improving B.C. Orchards

Nearly 300,000 fruit trees, berry bushes and fruit tree seedlings have been brought into British Columbia so far this year for planting out on new orchard land, according to figures compiled from inspectors' reports by Dr. Warnock, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for this province.

In India tiger meat is esteemed as a food, partly because there is a superstition that it imparts to the eater some of the strength and cunning that characterized the animal.

Plants, by means of their green leaves, are able to collect and store the heat of the sun.

Warning! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances?

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and does work out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacturing of Monach, Germany. It is well known that Aspirin was the first synthetic drug. Bayer Company is the only manufacturer to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company are marked with their own trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Mrs. Fowler Gains Twenty Five Pounds

Esteemed Winnipeg Woman Is The Very Picture Of Health Since Taking Tan-Lac, Declares Husband.

"I've got every reason to be satisfied with Tan-Lac. For it has restored my wife's health and she has actually gained twenty-five pounds in weight," said George J. Fowler, of 684 Cathedral Ave., Winnipeg, Man.

About three years ago, she had a bad attack of dyspepsia. Her food would lie like a lump of lead in her stomach and the gas that formed laid made her gasp for breath. She was very weak and this and got worse as the months went by. Finally her health broke down completely.

"But when she started on Tan-Lac, the way she picked up was astonishing. Now she has completely regained her strength, and is the very picture of health. We both have the greatest faith in Tan-Lac, and recommend it whenever we get a chance." Tan-Lac is sold by all good druggists.

The Parson's Bad Habits

"Brethren," said the negro preacher, making an appeal for temperance, "I exhort you to take de example I give you. I bend de knee but not de elbow." Voice from the back of the hall: "Parson, dat's your bad manners, drinking out of de bung-hole!"—News of the World.

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Alfred Tranchmontagne, St. Michel des Saints, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine. They saved my baby's life and I can highly recommend them to all mothers."

Mrs. Tranchmontagne's experience is that of thousands of other mothers who have tested the worth of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a sure and safe medicine for little ones and never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach, thus relieving all the minor ills from which children suffer. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Slaves to a Marsh and Really Unintelligent Bureaucracy

In Soviet Russia there were to be no masters, or, in other words, everyone was to be a law unto himself. The madness had worked itself out, and now all men are slaves to a harsh, impractical and really unintelligent bureaucracy, and about all I can highly recommend them to all mothers."

Under Soviet Rule

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Bitter Exchanges Feature Meeting Of The Dail Eireann

Dublin.—Machine guns have been added to the defense of the four courts buildings in Dublin, which was occupied by irregulars some time ago, and the occupants threaten to burn the place if any attempt is made to expel them by force.

Inquiry regarding the safety of certain valuable documents elicited the reply that no long as the garrison was not molested these papers would not be injured.

The Provisional Government has announced that the whole work of the public record office has been held up on account of occupation of the building. People of Irish birth all over the world have had constant recourse to this office for evidence concerning old age pensions, insurance and other matters.

Bitter exchanges between Arthur Griffith, president of the Dail Eireann, and Eamon de Valera, the republican leader, more intense than any heretofore, marked the proceedings of the Dail Eireann. Charges and counter-charges of responsibility for the present disorders characterized the debate, and Mr. Griffith, in a strong attack, endeavored to show that de Valera, while professing rigid republicanism, was willing to compromise.

At one point, describing how on de Valera's return from America, he had entered into negotiations with the British, Griffith declared:

"When I went to London, De Valera asked me to get him out of 'the straight jacket of the republic'."

"This led to an angry scene. Mr. de Valera exclaimed: 'I deny it. It is a falsehood,' while his supporters shouted at Griffith, who retorted, 'I won't be intimidated by any gunmen here.'"

A fresh uproar arose, and Mr. de Valera demanded withdrawal of the offensive expression.

The Dail Eireann president refused to withdraw and asked how many speeches De Valera was to be allowed to make.

Mr. de Valera replied, "One for every lie."

Finally, it was agreed that correspondence leading to the London negotiations should be published and Mr. de Valera remarked, "It shall be done before the elections and before the people are fooled."

Mr. Griffith declared that in the last fortnight, an attempt had been made against the life of Michael Collins. This was greeted with derisive laughter in some quarters. He further declared that in the current issue of The Republic of Ireland, a paper edited by an Englishman, Erskine Childers, there appeared an article which alluded to the assassination of the London delegates.

Erskine Childers, there appeared an article which alluded to the assassination of the London delegates. The London delegates, which were full of menace. He compared Europe to seething racial lava, which, like the earth's crust, was seeking a proper level. This adjustment was full of perils. He emphasized that Europe must take cognizance of hungry Russia, which could be equipped by an angry Germany.

"The world must recognize the fact," the Premier said, "that Russia and Germany combined could overpower two-thirds of the people of Europe. Their voice will be heard, and the Russo-German treaty is the first warning of it."

As proof of the danger, he cited the fact that there was no frontier line from the Baltic to the Black Sea, including the Hungarian, Galician, Polish and Lithuanian frontiers which had been accepted.

"I wish America were here," Mr. de Valera exclaimed. "Some people think we are not on good terms for some selfish purpose. This is not true. We want America because she exercises a peculiar authority; her very aloofness gives her the right to speak."

W. N. U.—2418

Russia Practically Ceases Production

Berlin.—Vanishing transport facilities, dwindling coal stocks and the transfer of privately owned business to communistic control have almost killed Russian production, Boris Stuykel, a Russian engineer, told a meeting of German metal merchants here. The situation is such, he said, that it would be impossible to revive production by ordinary means.

He emphasized the difference in the mental outlook of the Russians and the people of Western Europe, adding that the latter in their efforts to open up Russia needed to proceed with extreme caution.

India's Wheat Crop Shows Big Increase

Over Three Million Bushels Harvested According to Estimate

Ottawa.—A cablegram received by the Department of Agriculture here from the International Institute of Agriculture, states that the first official estimate of the newly harvested wheat crop of India is 355,238,000 bushels against 250,463,000 bushels last year, and 340,590,000 bushels the average of the five previous years. The pre-war average production of India 1909 to 1913, was 359,000,000 bushels. The condition of winter cereals on the first of April was very good in Bulgaria, average in Germany and Italy and fair in France.

To Meet in British Columbia
Victoria.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Bar Association will be held in Vancouver on August 16 and 17, and in Victoria on August 18. The American Bar Association will hold its annual meeting in San Francisco, August 9 to 11, and in invitation has been sent to the American lawyers to attend the Canadian meeting.

Poland Gets Loan in U.S.
Warsaw.—Announcement is made that Poland has concluded a "large" loan in the United States. The conditions of the loan are said to be most favorable.

More Unemployed in England
London.—Unemployment in Great Britain again showed an increase last week. The new total is 12,000 greater.

May Float Loan Within Canada

Possibility that Government Will Make Another Domestic Loan

Ottawa.—The possibility of the first Government loan being floated in Canada was foreshadowed in a report made by Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, to a deputation representing the Bond Dealers' Association of Canada, which waited on him for the purpose of considering the question of further issue of loans.

The recent financing in New York has supplied the present needs of the Government and it is understood that there will be no immediate further borrowing.

Mr. Fielding intimated, however, that the maturing obligations of the Government were large, that at no time day further borrowing would be necessary, and that his desire was that then the conditions would be such as to permit the floating of a domestic loan.

Few Persons Killed In Tokio Earthquake

Official Report Says Shock Lasted for Fifteen Minutes

Tokio.—A heavy earth shock centering in Tokio, caused the death of a few persons and considerable damage on this side to buildings in the city and their contents.

The earthquake was preceded by an eruption of Mount Asam-Yama, ninety miles northwest of Tokio, which broke out with a loud report pouring forth volumes of ashes, stones and smoke. No serious damage was caused by the eruption. There were many escapes of the narrowest sort from collapsing chimneys and walls. The earth shock was one of the most severe experienced here in a long period. Officials stated it lasted 15 minutes, the longest in years.

Archduke Ferdinand's Yacht

Canadian Government Has for Sale Yacht Once Owned by Duke Who Was Assassinated

Halifax.—The Hochelaga, former yacht of Archduke Ferdinand of Austria, whose assassination preceded the war, is being offered for sale by the Department of Naval Service here, along with a company of ships which include the Niobe, former British and Canadian cruiser; the Grille, once the United States yacht Winchester; and the Canada, for many years the flagship of the Canadian fisheries patrol and Canada's leading naval craft; and the Petrol, also of the Fisheries service.

The Hochelaga was purchased by the Canadian Government from Andrew Morgan, of New York, a brother of J. P. Morgan, the financier, in 1915, for Atlantic coast patrol.

No Restrictions on Grain Shipments
Montreal.—It was stated at the Board of Trade here, in reply to assertions by shipping men as to undue restrictions being made on shipments of grain, which diverted grain traffic to other ports, that there were no longer any such restrictive regulations and that the rules made for the port warden had been amended, so that there will in future be no difficulty in the matter of bulk grain shipment from Montreal.

WESTERN EDITORS



W. J. Bartlett, Editor of The Enterpriser, Blairmore, Alberta.

Drop in Canadian

Sea Fish Catch

Only Increase Was in Herring Taken on Pacific Coast

Ottawa.—A report on the fishing results for the month of March, 1922, issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, says: The total catch of sea fish on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts for the month was 116,866 cwts., valued at \$215,869. In the same month last year 109,833 cwts. valued at \$124,534 were landed.

On the Pacific coast there was a big drop in the catch of halibut, only 20,288 cwts. being taken compared with 20,288 cwts. in March, 1921. The catch of herring on the other hand showed a corresponding increase, 14,398 cwts. being taken against 13,304 in the preceding March.

"My Canada"

We confidently commend to your attention the new serial story, "My Canada," which commences in this issue. It is a story of our own Canadian West, dealing with scenes and characters that will be familiar to all our readers. Do not miss the opening chapter.

Farm Laborers from B.C.

British Columbia's Unemployment Problems Solved by Prairie

Vancouver.—The increasing demand for farm laborers on the prairies is rapidly solving British Columbia's unemployment problems. About 1,000 men have been sent east from here and more are going at the rate of 60 a day, Labor Department officials state.

Replying to a request for 50 men a day until further notice, made by the Saskatchewan United Farmers' Club, Mayor Tidwell wired that only an average of 30 experienced men could be sent.

High Treason Charges

London.—It was stated in the House of Assembly, says a Reuter despatch from Cape Town, in reply to questions, that 564 charges of high treason had been preferred in connection with the recent Rand Rebellion.

Followers Of Villa Are Said To Threaten Mennonites In Mexico

Hopes Cattle Embargo Will Be Removed

London.—Lord Shaughnessy, in an interview in the Times expresses the sincere hope that the British Parliament recognizes the soundness of Canada's position with regard to the embargo against Canadian cattle and the justice of her complaint. Alluding to a recent message from Canada that laid settlement in Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan will be controlled in future by the Provincial Governments, instead of by the Dominion Government, Lord Shaughnessy is quoted as saying: "The great cattle raising provinces and it would be a serious thing if their attitude toward British settlement were influenced by pin pricks from this country. I cannot see how the provinces are to take complete control of immigration."

Pass Estimates For Western Public Buildings

Saskatchewan Allocated the Smallest Amount of any of the Provinces

Ottawa.—Votes for public buildings in the western provinces were under discussion in the House. A vote of \$40,000 for public buildings in Manitoba was carried without discussion, but the vote for Saskatchewan public buildings, amounting to \$27,000, called forth a protest from A. M. Carmichael (Progressive, Kimberley). Mr. Carmichael said Saskatchewan had a larger population than either Alberta or Manitoba, but was allotted a small amount for public buildings.

In fact, she was given the smallest vote of any of the provinces in which public buildings were to be erected or repaired. The item carried.

On the Alberta vote of \$30,000, J. T. Shaw (Progressive, Calgary West), asked the Government to build a new post office for Calgary. The former post office had been pulled down, he said, and now postal work was distributed among a number of buildings in the city.

Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Public Works, said he was afraid the Government could not consider building a new post office in Calgary until there was a better condition. The vote of \$3,000 was carried.

When the vote of \$59,515 for public buildings in British Columbia came up, Leon J. Ladner (Conservative, Vancouver South), said that his constituents were more interested in the building of the Vancouver drydock than in getting a new post office.

The British Columbia estimate carried.

Manchester, Eng.—Official announcement was made that there would be no stoppage in the cotton trade here, all sections of operatives have accepted an immediate wage reduction of three shillings and three pence in the pound and a further reduction of 10 pence six months hence.

Notes English Adviser Dies

London.—Sir Henry Erle Richards, K.C., who was counsel for Canada and Newfoundland in the North Atlantic coast's famous arbitration at The Hague in 1910, died April 26. He was counsel for Great Britain in the Samoa arbitration at The Hague, 1903.

Reigns as Head of Ontario Farmers
Toronto.—It is announced that R. W. E. Burnaby, president of the United Farmers of Ontario, has placed his resignation in the hands of the executive. The Federal Bureau is given as the reason.

Trouble in China
Peking.—President Hsu Shih Chang has issued an appeal to the Chinese nation, declaring "China was on the verge of civil war, with the danger of foreign complications. He demanded that Generals Chang Tso-Lin and Wu Pei-Fu withdraw their troops immediately and send mediators for adjustment of their differences."

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Lloyd George Dwells On Political Dangers That Confront Europe

Genoa.—Premier Lloyd George has drawn an alarmist picture of Europe. In addressing the British and United States press representatives he declared that the object at Genoa was to clear up the political differences which were full of menace. He compared Europe to seething racial lava, which, like the earth's crust, was seeking a proper level. This adjustment was full of perils. He emphasized that Europe must take cognizance of hungry Russia, which could be equipped by an angry Germany.

"The world must recognize the fact," the Premier said, "that Russia and Germany combined could overpower two-thirds of the people of Europe. Their voice will be heard, and the Russo-German treaty is the first warning of it."

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W. N. U.—2418

"America could exercise an influence no other country could command. She could come here free and disinterested, and with the prestige which comes from her independent position, she would come with the voice of peace."

"But America is not here; so Europe must do her best to solve the problems in her own way."

Mr. Lloyd George gave it at this opinion that the disorganization of Europe would affect the entire world, including the United States. He was amazed at people who ignored the portentous fact facing Europe today, that Europe is re-organized, in other words, unless the Genoa conference succeeds in arranging a pact, he was confident that if not in his own life, certainly in the life of the younger men present, Europe would again welter in blood. "We triumphed in the war," he said, "but our triumph will not last for ever. If our victory develops into oppression, rearguard will follow, just as Germany's action which started the war was followed by vengeance."

"We must be just and equitable and show strength; we must learn that Europe is not on good terms that storms are arising which we must deal with. We had hoped that the end of the Great War meant the end of brute force, but unless Europe's problems are solved, there is no assurance that force has given way to right."



WHY FOUR GOODS INTO THE MARKET AT GREAT WASTE



WHEN COOPERATION WILL SAVE AND MAKE A PROFIT

Long Island Agriculturalist

UNION MEAT MARKET

HENRY ZAK, Proprietor
Just west of J. E. Gillis' Office, Blairmore

**Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish, Poultry,
Eggs, Home-Made Sausage, Etc.**

Phone No. 224

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The Studio is now completed and we are prepared to turn out high-class photos of any size you may desire.

Specialty of GROUP PICTURES—Families, Weddings, Etc.

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and everything connected with Photography turned out by us.

ALL WORK RECEIVES PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION

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PRICES VERY REASONABLE

All pictures taken by Daylight—Not Flashlight.

Crows' Nest Pass Photo Studio

Phone 144 (Across track opposite Anglican Church) Blairmore

E. Piccarillo has notified his tenants in the Alberta hotel building that the premises will be closed up temporarily.

Capt. W. A. Beebe left here on Friday night for Detroit, on receipt of the news that his daughter and son-in-law there had lost their home and contents by fire.

It seems that beer bills are created to perpetuate in the good reformed drunkards' minds the memory of the past when they were never scoffed at or belittled for using such means of making themselves joyful.

One more testimony to the value of advertising: Last week we inserted an ad for a lost service medal and sixteen minutes after our paper appeared on the street, the lost article reached our office and the finder received the reward.

The great trouble with being "rubbed" for being a bachelor is that you haven't a wife to nurse the damages.

G. C. Stuart, at one time connected with The Enterprise, has relinquished the proprietorship of The Advocate at Cochrane and is looking for new pastures.

One must wonder how the Dominion or provincial government manages to subsidize the bootleggers for keeping the roads to the U. S. boundary open during the winter months without the public catching on.

The entire police force of New Westminster has been dismissed by the Board of Police Commissioners, effective May 31st. It was decided to invite applications for nine police constables, and dismissed men are at liberty to apply for re-appointment.

Local and General Items

For funeral flowers phone 212, Crows' Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

P. N. Potapoff, of Cowley, was in town on Saturday last.

In buying poultry, one should remember that the good always die young.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the town council takes place Monday night next.

Miss Marjorie Pickthall, Canadian poetess, died in Vancouver on April 19th.

The man who can, but doesn't, must give way to the man who can't, but tries.

When an unpleasant task lies ahead of you, get it behind you without delay.

Superintendent Mackintosh spent Tuesday in town, his car being located on Blairmore siding.

No, dear friend, there will be no further shortening of ladies' skirts until they are ready to install their new knee radiophones.

C. F. Sedgwick, of Lundbreck, has been enjoying a visit from his brother from Montana the past week.

When a man assumes a public trust he should consider himself as public property and not cater to any faction.

Jack C. Wilson, representing the Barber-Elia wholesale paper house, Calgary, was in town last week end.

Nat. Marshall, boiler inspector, of Lethbridge, spent the week in The Pass, inspecting boilers at the various coal plants and mills.

The Baptists of Alberta will meet in annual convention at Calgary during the latter part of June.

A little boy entered the local drug store a few days ago and asked for a nickel's worth of whisker seed.

Fire of an unknown origin this afternoon destroyed the old wash-house at the South Blairmore mine.

Miss Grace Allison, of Calgary, formerly of Blairmore, has been awarded the gold medal for general proficiency in nursing at the Calgary general hospital. Miss Allison was a member of the 1921 graduation class.

Michel Rossi left yesterday on his return trip to the coast, via Calgary. Mike has decided to suspend building operations for a couple of weeks, owing to considerable frost in the ground hampering excavation work.

The engagement is announced of Annie Berney Jones, of Edmonton, youngest daughter of Mrs. Rowland Jones, of Cowley, and Walter Grant Gerrard, of Calgary, second son of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Gerrard, of London, England, the marriage to take place in May.

The Presbyterian General Assembly meets in Winnipeg on June 7th. Church union is bound to be to the fore again. The assembly will be advised that nearly \$1,100,000 have been raised for the schemes of the church and that 72 per cent of the amount subscribed to the Forward Movement has been paid.

A head-on collision between two autos occurred near the dreaded big rock on the Slide road on Tuesday afternoon. Both cars were considerably smashed and the occupants had miraculous escapes from being killed. This accident should act as another reminder to the government of the very great necessity of having this menace removed. A few shots of dynamite and a couple of men for two or three days would perhaps be the means of saving one or more lives.

TO RENT—Small Furnished Cottage. Apply to S. J. Sargent, Box 33, Blairmore.

WANTED—To hear from the owner of good Ranch for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR RENT—Ten Room House, full basement, suitable for rooming house, opposite Cosmopolitan Hotel, south of C. P. R. Apply to H. H. PUTNAM, Blairmore.

It takes a drug store to make the girls blush.

In Mexico are certain localities where the rain never has been known to fall.

Lots of houses are all dolled up on the outside and nobody home. The same may be true of a flapper.

A four-year-old child at North Vancouver swallowed a small live frog.

Princess Mary's wedding presents were insured for \$200,000 to cover risk of loss by theft or fire.

Mrs. (Dr.) O. Lillie left on Monday to spend two months with friends in Ontario.

The annual Rebeccah dance will be held in the Franco hall at Pincher Creek on the night of May 24th.

The appearance of a flapper nowadays reminds us forcibly that "girls want but little ear below"—the lobes.

It is reported that an export liquor house will be opened at Yakh. The license fee is \$3,000 for a year.

The local Union Sunday school made a record of attendance last Sunday, when about 170 answered the roll call.

In the Old Testament days it was considered a miracle for an ass to speak. Now nothing short of a miracle will keep one quiet.

R. G. Vincent, who for some time has been in a state of failing health, left Coleman last night for Rochester, Minnesota, where he will consult specialists.

Miss Rosie Plunkett, of Pincher Creek, was the guest overnight last week of Mrs. Harry Gunn here, enroute to Nelson, to resume her duties on the nursing staff of the Kootenay Lakes hospital.

An old gentleman boarded a train here the other day and luckily finding a seat sat down next to a friend. He nodded pleasantly, paid his fare and then said genially: "Well, what do you think of the weather?"

"Oh, horrible!" said his friend. "And how's your wife today?" said the old gentleman.

"Oh, about the same!" was the reply.

An act of parliament was passed in Scotland in the year 1457, prohibiting the game of golf from being played on Sundays. And another act of parliament will shortly have to be passed in Blairmore, prohibiting the playing of that self-same game between midnight and three in the morning. The reason advanced for this is that a well-known golfer recently gave as an excuse for coming in at 3 in the morning that he had just finished the game.

FOR SALE—Large building, located in Frank, containing two stores and soft drink business. Also room for another business in same building. Full sized hall on second floor, can be used for dances, etc. Apply to V. J. KOTAS, proprietor, Frank, Alta. M4-4-tp.

Chick Food

Good Wheat, per 100 pounds	\$2.50
Whole Corn, per 100 pounds	\$2.40
Cracked Corn, per 100 pounds	\$2.50
Scratch Food, per 100 pounds	\$2.50
Chick Food, 4 lbs for	25c
25 lb sack for	\$1.25

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES OF
ALL KINDS FOR THE WEEK END

Scott's

Phone 222 Blairmore

Furniture

Full line of Furniture, Linoleums (4 yds. wide), Crockery, Paints, and Varnishes.

PICTURE FRAMING AND FRAMES

Blairmore Furniture Store

Leading Store of The Pass

JOSEPH MONTALBETTI, Proprietor. BLAIRMORE, ALTA.

P. Burns & Company, Limited

Wholesale and Retail

Meat Packers and Provisioners

Blairmore Bellevue Hillcrest Coleman
Phone 46 12A 61A 53

Blairmore Wholesale Jobbers

Mark Sartoris, Proprietor

Wholesale TOBACCO, SOFT DRINKS, CANDIES and STATIONERY.

STRAIGHT CASH ON DELIVERY

We are obliged, owing to our recent loss by fire to demand CASH ON DELIVERY, but can guarantee you far better prices and service.

Free Delivery in this mining district
Buy from us and save Freight.

PHONE 238
Box 83

—Wholesale License Number N-415—
Blairmore

Radiators

Our Stock of New Chevrolet and Ford Radiators at Right Prices.

Also Front and Rear Springs and New Radiator Cores in Stock.

Body, Chassis and Fender Work and Acetylene Welding.

Indian Motor Cycle for Sale, A-1 Running Order.

Smallwood's Garage

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

"Can"

ADVERTISING is the public expression of a master's will and wish—his word of power.

We want to say this to the merchants of this community: You CAN make the public of this community buy more goods from you.

You CAN teach the public new customs, new tastes, new habits. You CAN make the public do what it is not in the habit of doing. Powerful and persistent advertising has revolutionized modern life. It sends people travelling. It has made them photographers. It has made the motor car a necessity. It makes women change the fashion of their apparel twice or thrice a year. It selects the very food we eat.

A NOTE TO THE PUBLIC

Does not more publicly expressed will and wish of the merchants of this community influence you in your shopping? Do you not know where you are guided? Are you not very attentive and responsive to the advertisements which appear each week in the columns of THE ENTERPRISE.

Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop